The Hong Kong Daily Press.

No. 3490 號十九百四千二第 日四十月一十庚 年辰皮治同 HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, 6TH JANUARY, 1869. 二拜禮 號六月正英 港香 PRICE $2½ PER MONTH.

Arrivals.

Jan. 5, GERTRUDE, Brit. sh., 616, Dewar, Shanghai 25th December, General.—OREN.

Jan. 5, WILHELM, North Ger. bk., 236, F. Ulrich, Newcastle 5th November, Coals.—MACKINDER & Co.

Jan. 6, FESDERATO, Belg. sh., 603, A. Nicaise, Shanghai 1st January, Cotton.—BORNEO Co. LIMITED.

Departures.

Jan. 5, NEPTUNE, for Swatow.

Jan. 5, HERMOMITUS, for Hiogo.

Clearances.

AT THE HARBOUR MASTER'S OFFICE, JANUARY 5TH.

Ann Eliza, for Manila.

Dunkeld, for Saigon.

Edith Banfield, for Saigon.

Passengers.

Per *Frederic*, from Shanghai, 103 Chinese.

Reports.

The Belgian ship *Frederic* reports having left Shanghai 1st January, at noon. Winds strong from N.W to N.E. till off Swatow, when had light breeze from East. On the 4th, at midnight, brought the vessel to, awaiting daylight to enter by Sinclair pass. Winds Northerly and baffling, proceeded by eastern Lemma Channel.

The British ship *Gertrude* reports having left Shanghai on the 25th Dec., and had light S.E. breezes during the first part of the passage. On the 28th December, wind freshened, with a gale from the N.E. and thick rainy weather; on the 30th December, at daylight, hauled ship up for the land, and made Lema Island, but could get in neither of the Channels; wind blowing strong from Northward. Since then carried a strong press of sail keep to windward. On the 3rd January, spoke the ship *Dartmouth*, from Shanghai, bound for New York, out 3 days.

The *Bell Doggerandam*, arrived on Monday at Macao, having spoken on the passage the following ships; 6th Dec., near Saluyer, the Hamburg brig *Marko* for Hongkong; December 11th, off Oby Major, the *Chrysolite* from London to Japan; same day, Dutch barque *Anzelia Gaudaen* for Amoy and 20th December, off Point Pigot, the Clipper ship *Spindrift* for Shanghai.

The steamer *Poyang*, left Canton at 9.0 A.M., and arrived here at 3.15 P.M. Reports Northerly winds coming down. Passed the steamer *Kin-shan* at 11.05 A.M.; above Lankoit, and the steamer *Spark* at 11.55 A.M. Thermometer at Canton 46 degrees. 6 Saloon passengers.

Auction Sales To-day.

BOWRA & Co.
Household Furniture, &c.

J. M. ARMSTRONG.
Ground, Messuages, and Premises.

MEDICAL.—Wanted by a lady, qualified gentleman, as Assistant with a view Partnership, in 6 or 12 months if agreeable. Address "Medicus," care of the Office of this Paper, stating terms and full particulars.
tf 2392 Hongkong, 22nd December, 1868.

MEDICAL.—A Gentleman, aged 38, M.D. and F.R.C.S., now Conducting a Practice at *Lucium Tenens* of £3,000 a year in the East, is anxious for a similar engagement next June. Terms, £1,000 per annum with board. Address, D. M., *Daily Press* Office.
tf 2199 Hongkong, 24th November, 1868.

WANTED by a good, practical Accountant, EXTRA WORK, such as Book-keeping, &c., or bringing up back accounts. The Advertiser is open to attend any part of the town within certain hours, every day if required, or will undertake work to be done at his own residence. Is competent to assist in making up Average Statements. Address A. B., *Daily Press* Office.
tf 2278 Hongkong, 7th December, 1868.

LOST.—A small Manila POODLE, entirely white. He answers to the name of "TOMMY." Whoever will bring him to the *Daily Press* Office, will be suitably rewarded.
Hongkong, 31st December, 1868.

SEALED TENDERS (in Duplicate) marked "Tenders for Bills," will be received at this office until noon on FRIDAY, the 8th instant, for Bills on the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, or on the Governor General of India in Council, Calcutta, both at 30 days' sight, in exchange for current Dollars of Hongkong at 7/1/7.

Bills on London will not be drawn for sums under £1,000, and on Calcutta under Rupees 10,000.

The accepted Tenders will be at once notified to the respective parties by letter, requesting them to lodge the amount to the credit of the Commissariat Account, at the ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, where a receipt will be given, on production of which at this office the Bills will be issued.

In order to save time, it is requested that the sets of Bills required may be detailed in the Margin of the Tender, and it is particularly requested that the Tenders may be in Duplicate.

REDMOND UNIACKE,
Deputy Commissary General.

Controller's Office, Commissariat.
Hongkong, 2nd January, 1869. [5 1 18

HONGKONG HOTEL.

THE above HOTEL is now open, where Families and Gentlemen can find superior accommodation.

Private Rooms for Dinner parties.

Breakfast, from 9 to 10 A.M.
Tiffin, 1 to 2 P.M.
Dinner, 7.30 P.M.

N.B.—The Public Bar was opened on SATURDAY, the 7th March.
468 Hongkong, 9th March, 1868.

THE TOURISTS' GUIDE.—POCKET FORM.
REDUCED PRICE $1.
Containing the names of all the Articles of Trade, objects of Natural History, Furniture, &c., &c., with the Punti, and Mandarin Pronunciation.

Also a few copies of the GRAMMAR of the Chinese Language, in two Parts.
The Daily Press Office.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned, having purchased the Interest of the WANCHI STEAM BAKERY, begs to notify the Public of Hongkong and Shipmasters that he is prepared to furnish Daily Supplies of Soft BREAD, in various forms, to any part of the Colony.

Also, SHIP BREAD, of best quality and at low rates, constantly on hand, or baked in quantities at short notice.

Also, WATER BISCUITS, SODA and SUGAR BISCUITS, by the Barrel, Tin or Pound.

Also, CORN and RYE MEAL, HOMINY, CORN STARCH, BI-CARB SODA, SALERATUS, and CREAM OF TARTAR.

FLOUR of best Brands constantly on hand, supplied by the Barrel, Bag, Tin or Pound.

CAKES of all kinds baked to order.

The above is under the Superintendence of Mr. JONATHAN PARSONS, and all orders forwarded to him, at the Bakery—or left at Messrs. MACEWEN & Co.'s, will receive prompt attention.

L. P. WARD.
622 1569 Hongkong, 4th September 1868.

Banks.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.—5,000,000 of Dollars.

Court of Directors:—

Chairman—GEORGE J. HEMLAND Esq.
Deputy Chairman—GEORGE F. HEARD, Esq.

W. H. Forbes, Esq.	A. Jeoit, Esq.
Sel. D. Sassoon, Esq.	James P. Dunnachie, Esq.
William Lemman, Esq.	Richard Hewett, Esq.
Julius Menke, Esq.	E. R. Bolling, Esq.
James B. Taylor, Esq.	

Managers,
Hongkong—Victor Kresser, Esq.,
Chief Manager.
Shanghai—David McLean, Esq.
London Bankers—London and County Bank.

HONGKONG.

INTEREST ALLOWED.
On Current Deposit Accounts at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.
On Fixed Deposits:—
For 3 months 2 per cent. per annum.
[illegible]

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

VICTOR KRESSER, *Chief Manager.*

Offices of the Corporation,
No. 1, Queen's Road East.
Hongkong, 21st August, 1868

THE ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 30th *August*, 1851.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, £1,700,000.
RESERVED FUND, £1,140,000.
Court of Directors.

Harry George Gordon, Esq., Chairman.
George Arbuthnot, Esq.
James Blyth, Esq.
Duncan James Kay, Esq.
J. Bunny Kay, Esq.
Alexander Mackenzie, Esq.
Lestock Robert Reid, Esq.
James Walker, Esq.
Charles J. F. Stuart, Esq., Chief Manager.

Bankers.
The Bank of England.
The Union Bank of London.
Agents in Scotland.
National Bank of Scotland.
Commercial Bank of Scotland.
Agent in Edinburgh.
R. Dundas, Esq.
23, St. Andrew's Square, Edinburgh.
Agents in Ireland.
Provincial Bank of Ireland.
The National Bank.
Head Office.
Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.
Branches and Agencies.
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, PONDICHERRY, KURRACHEE, COLOMBO, POINT DE GALLE, MAURITIUS, MELBOURNE, SYDNEY, SINGAPORE, FOOCHOW, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

The Corporation receive Money on Deposit repayable on Demand, upon which no Interest is allowed. Current accounts are kept with Firms and Individuals, free of Commission.

Money is also received on Fixed Deposit, repayable at Twelve, Six, and Three Months' notice. Rates of interest may be known on application at the Office of the Corporation or by letter addressed to the Manager.

Notice of withdrawal may be given at the time of deposit.

The Corporation Discount Bills and Notes payable in Hongkong, having at least two approved names unconnected in general partnership; and they advance upon Bullion and Merchandize, not of a perishable nature, in the custody of the Bank.

Exchange.

The Corporation grant Drafts on the Bank of England payable on demand, on the Union Bank of London at Four or Six Months' sight, and on the Head office at shorter sight.

Circular Notes for the use of Travellers are issued, negotiable in all places of importance throughout the world.

Drafts are granted on the several Branches and Agencies of the Corporation, as above, at the Exchange of the day, and on the proper address being furnished will be forwarded direct to the Payees by the Corporation.

Bills payable in Europe or in any of the above places are purchased or remitted for collection.

Approved Bills payable in San Francisco are also purchased by the Corporation, and drafts granted, at rates of exchange equivalent to those ruling on London—Bills on Bankers on San Francisco, or the Atlantic Ports, will likewise be remitted for collection, at the option of Constituents.

All cheques or orders to be made payable to "The Oriental Bank Corporation."

Information as to the rules of business may be had at the Office, or on application by letter to the Manager.

Office hours 10 to 3, Saturday 10 to 1.

JAMES BREWICK, *Acting Manager.*
219 Hongkong, 1st January, 1867.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS
Incorporated by National Decrees of 7th and 8th May, 1848, and by Imperial Decrees of 25th July, 1854, and 31st December, 1866.

RECOGNISED BY THE
INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION OF 30TH APRIL, 1862.

PAID-UP CAPITAL,—
Francs 80,000,000,—£3,200,000.

RESERVED FUND.—
Francs 20,000,000,—£800,000.

LONDON BANKERS—
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

HEAD OFFICE: 14, RUE BERGERE, PARIS.
AGENCIES AT LONDON, NANTES, LYONS, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, SAIGON, SAINT DENIS, (ILE DE LA REUNION) AND YOKOHAMA.

HONGKONG AGENCY.

THIS BANK issues Drafts on its Paris Head Office, on the UNION BANK OF LONDON, and on its Agencies in London, Bombay, Calcutta, Shanghai, Bourbon, Saigon, and Yokohama, and on the principal places of Commerce on the Continent of Europe, India, America, China, Australia, &c.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, upon which no Commission is charged, and no Interest allowed.

BILLS on Europe, India, America, Australia, &c. &c., are purchased or remitted for collection.

LOCAL BILLS discounted, and LOANS granted on Merchandize, &c., &c.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, available for the purchase of Merchandize in all parts of the World, on terms to be ascertained on application to the Manager.

E. DELBANCO,
Manager.

Offices in Hongkong:—
BANK BUILDINGS, QUEEN'S ROAD.
Hongkong, December, 1868. [720

CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE General Dividend of Dollars Three Hundred and fifty ($350) per Share will be payable at the Office of the Company, where Shareholders are requested to apply for Warrants, on and after the 15th instant.

By order,
AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.,
General Agents.
Im 2311 Hongkong, 10th December, 1868.

Banks.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON & CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
CAPITAL PAID-UP £700,000.
With power to increase to £1,500,000.
Reserve Fund, £145,902 1s. 8d.
Head Office—No. 65, Old Broad Street, London, E.C.

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

George Gordon Nicol, Esq.—*Chairman.*
Donald Larmuck, Esq.
George May, Esq.
Sir Frederick J. Halliday.
James M. Robertson, Esq.
Ellis James Gilman, Esq.
David Traill Robertson, Esq.—*Chief Manager.*

LONDON BANKERS.
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank.

SOLICITORS.
Messrs. Clarke, Sons, & Rawlins, Coleman St.

AUDITORS.
Messrs. Cocks, Biddulph, & Co.
Public Accountants.
J. Smith, Esq., of Messrs. Wm. Nicol & Co., Bombay.
James Joseph Mackenzie, Esq., late of Messrs. Dent & Co., China.

Branches and Agencies.
Bombay.
Calcutta.
Madras.
Ceylon { Colombo. Kandy. Galle.
Singapore.
Penang.
Penang.
Shanghai.
Yokohama.
Hankow.
Mauritius.
Saigon.
Batavia.

EDINBURGH DEPOSIT AGENCY.
128, George Street.
CHARLES PEARSON, Esq., C.A.—Agent.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

Current Deposits.—Accounts are kept on which no interest is allowed, and no charge made for collecting Bills, Cheques, &c.

Fixed deposits.—Are received upon—
Repayable at 12 months.....6% per annum.
at 6 " .....5% per annum.

The Bank discounts Local Bills and Notes payable in Hongkong having at least two approved names unconnected in general partnership, and makes advances on approved Banking Securities.

Exchange.

The Bank issues drafts on its London Office, and on the London Joint Stock Bank at four months' sight, also on its Branches above, and Agents in Scotland, Ireland, Melbourne, Sydney, and Towns in Australia, New Zealand, &c., and grants Circular Notes for the use of travellers, negotiable in all Towns of importance throughout the world.

Bills payable in Europe or in any of the above mentioned places are purchased or remitted for collection.

Further information as to the rules of business may be obtained at the office, or on application by letter to the Manager.

Office hours—10 to 3, Saturday 10 to 1.

WILLIAM JACKSON, *Manager.*
2, Queen's Road, 24th July, 1867.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. WHEELER begs to announce to his patrons and the public generally, that he has removed to No. 24, *Hollywood Road*, (opposite BANS CRAWFORD & Co.) to which he hopes by attention to business to receive a continuance of their patronage.
tf 24 Hongkong, 4th January, 1869.

NOTICE.

THE Office of the undersigned has this day been REMOVED to No. 22a, corner of *Stanley* and *Bellinger Streets.*
GRÜN & Co.
tf 2873 Hongkong, 7th December, 1868.

NOTICE.

THE Office of the Agency of P. M. S. S. COMPANY is REMOVED to *Praya West*, next door below HARBOUR MASTER'S Office.
GEO. F. BOWMAN, *Agent.*
tf 2194 Hongkong, 29th October, 1867.

REMOVAL.

THE Undersigned have REMOVED their Stock of Shipchandlery, Lamps, and General Merchandise, to the *Praya* front of their *Queen's Road* Premises.
DE SILVER & Co.
tf 1114 Hongkong, 16th June, 1868.

NOTICE.

WE beg to inform our Clients, and the Public in general, that Mr. JOHN STUDD, of our Firm, who has just arrived in England, after seven years' professional experience in China, will be happy to meet, by appointment, any one interested in Property here, who may wish to consult with him respecting it; and as he will be returning to China in April or May next, an opportunity meantime is thus afforded to residents at Home, who may wish to send out definite instructions in reference to contemplated alterations, improvements, &c., to their Property.

RAWLING, MEDLEN & Co.,
Architects, Civil Engineers, and Surveyors,
CLUB CHAMBERS, HONGKONG.

Address,
J. STUDD,
20, *Westbourne Park Crescent,*
Harrow Road, London.
tf 2283 Hongkong, 11th December, 1868.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

SHAREHOLDERS are requested to take notice that the Eighth call of Fifty Dollars on the new Stock of the above-named Company is due on the 1st March next, and will be payable at the office of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, where receipts for the payment thereof will be granted by the Manager.

Interest at the rate of Twelve per cent. per annum will be charged after the above date.

By order of the Board of Directors,
GEORGE N. MINTO,
Secretary.
tf 2243 Hongkong, 1st December, 1868.

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE

ALL Orders for Goods supplied to, or work done for, the Hotel, must be signed by the Secretary of the Company. The Company will not undertake to pay for any Goods supplied without such order.

By order of the Board of Directors.
C. LANGDON DAVIES,
Secretary.
tf 2223 Hongkong, 28th November, 1868.

NOTICE.

ESTATE OF DENT & Co.

A FIRST Dividend of Ten per centum, upon the amount of all claims admitted by the Trustees, will be paid on the 1st of January next.

On application to the undersigned, at the office of the Trustees, *Pedder's Hill*, Creditors will be furnished with warrants signed by the Trustees, which will be payable at the office of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

By order of the Trustees,
E. WHEELEY.
tf 2282 Hongkong, 30th November, 1868.

EX "*WHITEHALL*".

CHRISTY'S Felt HATS and Dmb SHELLS, Newest Shape and Style.
SAYLE & Co.
tf 2226 Hongkong, 27th November, 1868.

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

BOWRA & Co.

WILL sell by Public Auction, by order of W. H. ALEXANDER, Esq., Registrar of the Supreme Court and Official Administrator, at their ROOMS,

THIS DAY,
the 6th January, 1869, at 11 o'clock A.M.—

The EFFECTS of the late GEORGE PAYNE and LOUIS BOURBON, consisting of Wearing APPAREL, WATCHES, JEWELLERY, &c., &c.

Also,

A quantity of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, BAROMETERS, JEWELLERY, WATCHES, a first rate CHRONOMETER, BOOKS, WINES, &c., &c.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery in Mexican dollars weighed at 7.1.7.

42 Hongkong, 5th January, 1869.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from the Administrator of the Estate of the late CURSETJEE BURJORJEE WADIA, deceased, to sell by Public Auction,

THIS DAY,
the 6th day of January, 1869, at 12 o'clock,
On the Premises,—

The GROUNDS, MESSUAGES, and PREMISES, situate in *Hollywood Road*, a short distance to the westward of Messrs. DE SOUZA's Printing Office, known as section A of Inland lot No. 55.

Also,

Immediately after, will be sold on the Premises, the GROUNDS, MESSUAGES, and PREMISES, situate in *Hollywood Road, Tai-ping-shan*, (a short distance, to the westward of the Chinese Temple), known as Inland lot 256 C.

For further particulars, apply to the Undersigned.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-half of the purchase-money to be paid on the fall of the hammer, and the balance on completion of the deeds of transfer, the expenses of which to be paid by the purchaser. Property to be at the risk of the Purchaser from the fall of the hammer.

J. M. ARMSTRONG.
Auctioneer.
2438 Hongkong, 30th December, 1868.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, in their Sales Rooms, *Queen's Road*,

TO-MORROW,
the 7th instant, at noon,—

Sundry HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, the property of officers of H.M. 73rd Regt., who header for the Colony.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7. All Lots, with all faults and errors of description, at purchasers' risk on the fall of the hammer.
33 Hongkong, 4th January, 1869.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned will sell by Public Auction,

TO-MORROW,
the 7th January, 1869, at noon,—
At his Sales Room,

3 COMMERCIAL BANK BUILDINGS.*

1 Genuine SAFE.
500 feet Gilt MOULDING.
1 Case NEEDLE-BOXES, assorted sizes.
50 Boxes, each 3 Gross, OLAY PIPES.
10 Casks, each 4 Dozen, India PALE ALE.
100 Bales YASEE, assorted.
5 Gross Red INK.
20 Fire GRATES.
100 Dozen Egg CUPS.
25 " TUMBLERS.
29 Bundles White LINE.
31 " Log "
3 Coils Hemp PACKING.
12 Bundles, each 4 Ream, Emery CLOTH.
3 Coils Deep SEA LINE.
41 Pure Rubber BOOTS.
71 Silk HATS.
13 Whalers LANCES.
5 Cases, ea. 10 Tins, Bent's CRACKERS.
10 Dozen Cruse and Blackwell's Potted MEATS.
One Lot of Sewing NEEDLES.
8 Sets of First-rate Woollen and Linen Horse CLOTHING.
10 Tons Bath CHAPS.
46 Bags COFFEE.
Decanters, GLASSES, Window PIPES, CROCKERY, Picture FRAMES, INK-STANDS, WATCHSTANDS, Courier BAGS, Pocket KNIVES, CLOCKS, &c.

And,
For account of the concerned,—
50 Bundles, each 1000, Partridge CANES, ready Packed for shipment.

Also,
ex "Dunkeld,"
(More or less Damaged by Sea Water),
2 Cases, each 400 dozen, Lawn HANDKERCHIEFS.

Also,
ex "Red Deer."
More or less Damaged by Sea Water.

	ft.	ft.
D. S. & Co., No. 3 Copper SILBETS	4 by	2 by
D. S. & Co., No. 4 " "	4 "	2 "
D. S. & Co., No. 5 " "	6 "	2 "

D. S. & Co. No. 5, 1 Cask Composition NAILS, (steam) 2½ inches.

D. S. & Co. No. 1, 21 Yellow Metal STEM-PLATES, 10 ft. by 12 in. by 14 in.

D. S. & Co. No. 2, 20 Yellow Metal STEM-PLATES, 10 ft. by 14 in. by 16 in.

64 oz. Actiol.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7.

J. M. ARMSTRONG,
Auctioneer.
44 Hongkong, 6th January, 1869.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

GENERAL WEEKLY AUCTION.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, in their Sales Rooms, *Queen's Road*, on

SATURDAY,
the 9th January, 1869, at noon,
The following GOODS, namely:—
(To be sold without reserve.)

100 Dozen Men's Ringwood GLOVES.
50 " " Woollen MITS.
25 " " PANTS.
25 " " UNDERSHIRTS.
100 " " Lambswool HALF HOSE.
40 " " Regatta SHIRTS.
1,000 Yards Fancy TWEEDS.
500 " Superfine Black CLOTH.
All just arrived, and of Superior quality.

Also,

500 Superior Tower MUSKETS.
1,500 lbs. Hall's Best GUNPOWDER.
100 Dozen Women's Merino HOSE.
40 Cases Baker's BITTERS.

An INVOICE of HATS, of all the newest shapes.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7. All Lots, with all faults and errors of description, at purchasers' risk on the fall of the hammer.
43 Hongkong, 6th January, 1869.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

BOWRA & Co.

WILL sell by Public Auction, on

TUESDAY,
the 12th January, 1869, at 11 o'clock A.M.—
on the Premises, *Queen's Road West*, Two doors West from the "London Inn."

Sundry HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, GLASSWARE, CROCKERY-WARE, a large Collection of ENGRAVINGS and PAINTINGS, &c., &c., &c.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7.
49 Hongkong, 6th January, 1869.

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

ROUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

THE Undersigned has received instructions from the Executor to sell by Public Auction, at the residence of the late W. GAEKHL, No. 57, *Wyndham Street*, on

FRIDAY,
the 8th January, 1869, at Noon:—

The whole of his HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, comprising CHAIRS, TABLES, COUCHES, SIDEBOARDS, WHATNOTS, LAMPS, TEAPOYS, CUTLERY and GLASSWARE, MIRRORS, BOOKS, OIL PAINTINGS, &c., &c., &c. Sundry WINES and STORES, 1 REVOLVER, 1 RIFLE, 1 Trinter's RIFLE, 1 Parlor RIFLE.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7.

J. M. ARMSTRONG,
Auctioneer.
46 Hongkong, 6th January, 1869.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on

FRIDAY,
the 15th day of January, 1869, at 12 o'clock,—
At his Sales-Room.

"COMMERCIAL BANK BUILDINGS."

All those lots of LAND, situated at *Sookwan*, and registered in the Land-office as:—

Inland Lot No. 105, containing in the whole 9,000 square feet.
Inland Lot No. 106, containing in the whole 3,000 square feet.
Inland Lot No. 107, containing in the whole 9,000 square feet.
Inland Lot No. 108, containing in the whole 3,000 square feet.
Inland Lot No. 118, containing in the whole 2,500 square feet.
Inland Lot No. 137, containing in the whole 3,000 square feet.

After which, and at the same place, will be sold—

Inland Lot No. 123, containing in the whole 12,475 square feet.

For further particulars, apply to the undersigned.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-half of the purchase-money to be paid on the fall of the hammer, and the Balance on completion of the deeds of Transfer, the expenses of which to be paid by the Purchaser. Property to be at the risk of the Purchaser from the fall of the hammer.

J. M. ARMSTRONG,
Auctioneer.
40 Hongkong, 5th January, 1869.

H.B.M. Gunboats "*HARDY*" and "*DRAKE*" will be

SOLD BY AUCTION,
at the NAVAL YARD, Hongkong, on

TUESDAY,
the 9th February, 1869, (unless previously disposed of by private agreement).

The *Hardy* is of 230 tons and 60 horse power.
The *Drake* " 238 " 40 " "

The following are the articles to be sold with each vessel, *viz.*:—

With the "Hardy."

Hull complete.
No masts or yards.
3 Anchors.
112 Fathoms Cable.
Awnings complete, with Iron Stanchions.
Davits for 2 Boats.
1 Dingy, 14 feet.
4 Oars and Awning.
2 Downton's pumps (1 complete).

A total of 30 Horse Power high pressure engines by Messrs. MAUDSLAY, SONS AND FIELD, in fair working order. A set of 3 boilers, considerably worn but repairable.

Spare Gear.

Cylinder Cover, ...	1	in No.
Cross Head, ...	1	"
Eccentric Ring, ...	1	"
Piston and Rod, ...	1	"
Propeller (brass), ...	1	"
Rod connecting, complete,	1	"
Feed pump rod, ...	1	"
Bilge do. do.	1	"
Slide do. do.	1	"
Guide blocks, ...	2	"

With the "Drake."

Masts complete.
Yards do.
Rigging do.
1 Anchor.
Horse CLOTHING.
100 Fathoms Cable.
Awnings complete.
Davits for 3 boats.
1 Dingy, 14 feet.
2 Oars.
2 Downton's pumps.
All standing sails, but square foresail.
A 40 Horse Power high pressure engines by Messrs. PENN AND SONS, in good working order.

The boilers of this vessel have been taken out.

Spare Gear.

Cylinder Cover, ...	1	in No.
Eccentric Ring (brass),	1	"
Piston, ...	1	"
do. Rod, ...	1	"
Slumber-block brasses,	1	pair.
Propeller (brass), ...	1	in No.
Rod connecting, complete,	1	"
Feed pump rod, ...	1	"
Bilge do. do.	1	"
Slide do. do.	1	"
Guide block, ...	1	"

A. R. PRICE,
Naval Storekeeper.
tf 2222 Hongkong, 27th November, 1868.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG

IN BANKRUPTCY.

NOTICE.—NG-FAN-TONG, otherwise NG-FUONG-HOY, trading in Hongkong as a Merchant, having been adjudged Bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the Supreme Court on the *Twenty fourth day of April, One thousand Eight hundred and sixty-eight*, a Public Sitting for the said Bankrupt to pass his last examination, and make application for his discharge, will be held before the Honorable John Smale, Esquire, Chief Justice of the said Court, at the Supreme Court House, Victoria, Hongkong, on *Friday, the Eighth day of January, One thousand Eight hundred and Sixty-nine*, at Eleven of the clock in the forenoon precisely.

At this Meeting, proofs of the Debts of the Creditors will be received.

Frederick Sowley Huffam, Esquire, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Francis James Hazeland, is the Solicitor acting in the Bankruptcy.

Supreme Court House,
Hongkong, 31st December, 1868. [5d 28

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

NOTICE.—LEONG-A-TAI, otherwise LEONG-WAH-TYE, otherwise LEONG-WAH-HEEM, otherwise LEONG HENG-YEEP, of Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong, trading under the style or firm of Kwong-Shing-Tai, and lately under the style or firm of Kwong-Tak-Tai, having been adjudged in Bankruptcy under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the Supreme Court on the *Fifth day of October, One thousand Eight hundred and Sixty-eight*, a Public Sitting for the said Bankrupt to pass his last examination, and make application for his discharge, will be held before the Honorable John Smale, Esquire, Chief Justice of the said Court, at the Supreme Court House, Victoria, Hongkong, on the *Eighth day of January, One thousand Eight hundred and Sixty-nine*, at Eleven of the clock in the forenoon precisely.

At this Meeting, proofs of the Debts of the Creditors will be received.

Frederick Sowley Huffam, Esquire, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Francis James Hazeland, is the Solicitor acting in the Bankruptcy.

Supreme Court House,
Hongkong, 31st December, 1868. [5d 28

Intimations.

THE HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE Ordinary Half-yearly MEETING of Shareholders of this Company will be held at the office of the Company, Victoria, Hongkong, on WEDNESDAY, *the 20th day of January next*, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of receiving the statement of Accounts with the Report of the Directors, and of declaring a Dividend.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.,
General Agents.
288 2404 Hongkong, 24th December, 1868.

THE HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE Transfer books of the Company will be closed from the 4th day to the 10th day of January next, inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.,
General Agents.
27d 2405 Hongkong, 24th December, 1868.

NORTH CHINA INSURANCE COMPANY, 1869-71.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Mr. JAMES KENNARD DAVIS has been appointed Agent at Hongkong, and is authorized to sign all Policies of Insurance, and generally to transact the business of the Company, on and after 1st January, 1869.

By order of the Court of Directors,
HERBERT S. MORRIS,
Secretary.
3m 2411 Shanghai, 19th December, 1868.

THE HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE Dividend of $300 per share, declared at the First Extraordinary General Meeting held on the 1st instant, and confirmed at the Second Extraordinary General Meeting held on the 16th instant, will be payable at the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, on and after the 31st instant.

Shareholders are requested to apply at the Office of the Company, No. 30, Queen's Road, for Warrants.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
General Managers.
7d 2439 Hongkong, 30th December, 1868.

THE HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

CAPITAL 2,000,000 DOLLARS, IN 2,000 SHARES OF 1,000 DOLLARS EACH.

Consulting Committee:
GEORGE F. HEARD, Esq.
WM. KAYE, Esq.
R. ROWETT, Esq.
S. D. SASSOON, Esq.
F. BUXEY, Esq.
General Managers,—
MESSRS. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.

HEAD OFFICE, No. 30, QUEEN'S ROAD.

The HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, which expires by effluxion of time in a few months, having proved a highly successful undertaking, it has been determined by a large number of the shareholders to form a New Company, under the same management and with increased Capital.

It is proposed to register the Company under the Limited Liability Ordinance, and the amount of the Capital, having been fixed at Two Millions of Dollars, it is considered that Insurers will be amply secured thereby, while at the same time each shareholder will know the extent of his individual liability. The Capital proposed to be called up amounts to a large sum, and provision will be made for the creation of an ample Reserve Fund, which will, it is expected, in a very short time accumulate to an amount practically to give the fullest security both to Insurers and Insured, irrespective of the unpaid Capital.

It is intended to anticipate the termination of the Old Company, by dissolving it from and after the 31st December next, and measures are being taken for that purpose.

In anticipating a successful career for the New Company, it is only necessary to direct attention to the public the results of the Old Company, since its establishment in May, 1866, as exhibited by the following figures:—

The total premiums collected from the 11th May, 1866 to the present time, a period of only 3 years and 5 months, amount to.....$304,727.72

The losses which have been paid within the same period have amounted to.....$130,081.22

and include the large sum of $68,270 lost by the Fire at Hongkong in November, 1867.

The amount now at the Credit of the Working Account, after paying all Expenses and Requirements to date, exceeds.....$160,000.00

These figures fully warrant the most sanguine expectations of success, and it is but reasonable to expect that, strengthened with larger Capital, the present undertaking cannot fail to prove at least as successful as the former one. The Old Company, when it entered the field, had to create a business for itself, but the New one, in taking over the outstanding risks and connections of the Old Company, will at once receive a very large amount of premium, and enter on a profitable and organized business. Moreover, there is no doubt that the risk of Fire in Hongkong has been greatly diminished by the Building Regulations now in force, and by the establishment of a Fire Brigade.

The following are the main features of the New Company:—

1.—A first call of $100, to be paid upon each share on allotment, and a further call of $100 to be paid in Six Months; all further calls to be determined upon at General Meetings of the shareholders.

2.—Interest at 12 per cent. per annum to be in the first instance allowed on the paid up Capital, such Interest to be repaid, half yearly, on 30th June, and 30th December. The profits after deducting the said Interest to be applied thus:—20 per cent. *pro rata*, amongst such of the shareholders as shall have contributed or influenced business to the Company, and the remainder in forming a Reserve Fund of $250,000.

3.—When such Reserve Fund shall have been accumulated, the payment of Interest to cease, and the profits to be applied thus:—20 per cent. to be distributed as already mentioned amongst the shareholders who shall have contributed business to the Company; 20 per cent. to the augmentation of the Reserve Fund until it shall reach $1,000,000, at which figure it is to be permanently maintained; and the remaining 50 per cent., to be distributed by way of dividend amongst the shareholders generally.

4.—No shareholder to hold more than 250 Shares.

5.—The Company to be managed by General Managers, with the assistance of a Consulting Committee.

6.—The Funds of the Company to be deposited in Banks or in Government Securities, approved of by the Committee.

The Deed of Association may be inspected at the Office of the General Managers, or at the Offices of Mr. HENRY C. CANNEON, the Solicitor of the Company.

2m 2206 Hongkong, 16th December, 1868.

BELLE VUE HOUSE.

HOLLYWOOD ROAD, No. 6, next door to HOTEL D'EUROPE, lately occupied by Mrs. VIXEON.

The Undersigned has opened the above House as a private board and lodging establishment.

CHARLES F. SEABURG.
tf 2283 Hongkong, 7th December, 1868.

Intimations.

THE ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY.

MADAME MARIETTA BOUCHE has the honor to announce that, previous to her departure for Shanghai, she will give a

FAREWELL BENEFIT CONCERT.
Under the
DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE
of his Excellency
SIR RICHARD G. MACDONNELL, C.B.,
AND
LADY MACDONNELL,
on the evening of
FRIDAY, JANUARY 8TH, 1869,
IN TH

Docks.

THE UNION DOCK COMPANY OF HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA, LIMITED.

THE Company respectfully call the attention of Ship Owners, Consignees, and Masters of Vessels to their establishments at HONGKONG and WHAMPOA, for the DOCKING and REPAIRS of Vessels of all classes.

At Hongkong the Company have the only Dock in the Harbour,—a granite Dock, solidly built, and of dimensions to admit, ships of 350 feet in length, and drawing 22 feet of water.

Attached to it there are Shipwrights, Blacksmiths, Boilermakers, and Machinery works, and everything necessary for the repairs of Sailing Vessels or Steamers.

The Company have also opened a Ship Yard by the side of the HONGKONG DOCK, and are ready to contract for the construction of Steamers or Sailing Vessels of any size.

At Whampoa the Company have four Docks, in which they will take Ships at reduced rates.

The Steam Tug *Little Orphan* can be engaged to tow Vessels to sea, or berth them, at reasonable rates.

For Particulars apply to

JOHN INGLIS, *Acting Secretary*,

Or, to A. D. MITCHELL, *Manager of Works*.

Company's Office, Hongkong Hotel Building.

tf 1910 Hongkong, 12th October, 1868.

POST OF AMOY.

SHIPOWNERS, AGENTS, and COMMANDERS are informed that the DOCK COMPANY'S ESTABLISHMENTS at the above Port afford every facility, at moderate charges, for

REPAIRING AND SHEARING VESSELS, AND CLEANING AND PAINTING IRON-SHIPS AND STEAMERS.

THEIR LARGE GRANITE DOCK

Has 285 feet length on the blocks, and at average spring tides can receive Vessels of 16 to 17 feet draught. It has a CAISSON GATE, AND POWERFUL CENTRIFUGAL STEAM-PUMP.

And an Engineers' work-shop fitted with Lathes and Tools, driven by steam. Iron and Brass Foundries, Boiler-makers' shop, a large Smithy, and Carpenters' and Boat-builders' sheds. All superintended by resident Europeans.

Their two smaller GRANITE DOCKS can receive, at spring tides, Vessels drawing 14 feet.

Spars, Timber, and other Dock-yard material kept in stock.

Quarters for Officers, and a DRY GODOWN for STORES, of Vessels under repair.

tf 2317 Amoy, December, 1868.

THE CALIFORNIA DRY DOCK COMPANY.

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA U. S.

NOTICE TO SHIP OWNERS, AGENTS, CONSIGNEES, AND MASTERS.

THE Company's DRY DOCKS situated at Hunter's Point, San Francisco, are now completed, and in successful operation, and afford every facility for the docking and repair of all classes of Steam and Sailing Vessels.

THE GRAVING DOCK.

Excavated in the solid rock, and finished in the most substantial manner, is of the following dimensions:—Extreme length 450 feet, length on blocks 416 feet, width at top 120 feet, depth 30 feet, width at entrance 90 feet; at mean high tide will take in a ship drawing 22 feet, without lightening.

This DOCK is fitted with a Caisson Gate, and is supplied with two powerful centrifugal Steam Pumps, capable of pumping out the Dock in two hours.

THE FLOATING DRY DOCK.

Will receive Vessels of 1,500 tons measurement and under. The DOCK is 82 feet wide, and 210 feet in length, is built of the sound Oregon Pine, thoroughly braced and bolted, and is furnished with all the requisites for docking a ship successfully. Vessels taken up at all stages of the tide.

The Company feel warranted in stating that repairs on Vessels can be made as advantageously in San Francisco, in respect to cost of materials and labour, as in any other part of the world.

For particulars, address,

JAMES PODBICK, *Superintendent*.

6m 2304 SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA U. S.

KELUNG COAL COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are prepared to supply Steamers and Vessels with the best *FORMOSA COAL* at current rates, or to deliver the same under contract at any port in China.

The company having always a large quantity in store, vessels will not be subjected to any unnecessary delay.

DODD & Co., *Agents*.

tf 231 Kelung, 6th January, 1868.

FORMOSA COAL DEPOT AT KILUNG

HAS on hand a large stock of Coal of *best quality*, and is prepared to supply Steamers and Sailing vessels with quick dispatch at Current rates, or deliver the same under Contract at Hongkong, and any Treaty port in China.

The Depôt, drawing supplies from the best mines only, intends to provide a superior article, *free of the Surface Coal*, that has hitherto prejudiced Consumers.

MILISCH & Co., *Agents*

tf 235 Kilung, 2nd May, 1868.

SEAMEN'S HOSPITAL, HONGKONG.

TRUSTEES.

The Colonial Secretary.
The Honourable W. KESWICK, Esq.
GEO. HEARD, Esq.
The Superintendent of the P. & O. S. N. Company, (ex officio).
W. STANLEY ADAMS, M.D., *Resident Surgeon*.
Mr. YOUNG, *House Surgeon*.
W. PATERSON, Esq., *Hon. Treasurer*.

TERMS OF ADMISSION.

1st Class (Private Room), per day, $3.00
2nd " (2 Bedrooms Room), " " $2.00
3rd " (Public Wards) " " $1.00

These charges are inclusive of all Medicines and Attendances, but exclusive of Wines or Articles not in the recognised Dietary Table.

All orders for Admission to Hospital must be countersigned by some responsible Person or Persons resident in the Colony.

Patients are also admitted on Deposits at the following rates, renewable one day previous to the amount deposited having been expended.

1st Class ..... $60.
2nd " ..... $40.
3rd " ..... $20.)

By order,

W. PATERSON, *Treasurer*.

tf 21 Hongkong 3rd January, 1868.

BUTCHER'S LIVERY STABLES.

HORSES received on Livery.
Carriages and Horses sold and bought on Commission.
Harness and Saddlery repaired and renovated.
Saddles and Harness for Sale.
Carriages neatly repaired or built.
Horses broken to Saddle or Harness.
(J.B. will be happy to call at the residence of any person requiring his services, on receiving instructions to that effect.)
Horses always on hand for Sale.
Veterinary work carefully attended to.
Rear of Murray Barracks, Hongkong.

tf 2303 Hongkong, 10th December, 1868.

COURSE OF FRENCH LESSONS.

HE undersigned begs to announce that he is now giving a Course of Lessons in French. Four a week. On Mondays and Wednesdays a class for pupils who have already some knowledge of the Language, and on Tuesdays and Fridays an Elementary class. The lessons will commence at 8.30 P.M. and close at 10.30 P.M. each evening.

L. THEVENIN,
24, Wyndham Street.

tf 1969 Hongkong, 27th October, 1868.

NOTICE.

MESSRS. WATCHELS, GROOS & Co. of Nagasaki, have been appointed Agents for Japan for the *Daily Press, Overland Trade Report, Straits Times Extra*, and all other publications issued from this Office, and residents in Japan will please make application to them.

UNDER DISPATCH.

For Swatow, Amoy, and Foochow.—The *Formosa*, to-morrow, the 7th inst., at 9 a.m.

The Chronicle and Directory for 1869.

THIS Work, now in the SEVENTH year of its existence, will be published as early as practicable after the close of the year.

It will be compiled and printed at the *Daily Press* Office, as usual, form the best and most authentic sources, and no pains will be spared to make the work complete in all respects.

In order to avoid mistakes and disappointment, the Publisher begs to inform intending Subscribers, that although another Directory, with a very similar title, and for which his work has evidently been taken as the ground-work, is also about to be printed, it is in no way identified with *the* Chronicle and Directory published at the *Daily Press* Office.

NOTICE.

THE Editorial department of the *Daily Press* and *Overland Trade Report* has this day been placed in the hands of Mr. ALBERT CHETTE DULOKEN.

W. H. BELL,
Lessee.

Daily Press Office, Hongkong,
January 1st, 1869.

The delivery of the *Daily Press* from this office commenced on Tuesday morning at 10.00 and the last messengers left the office at 10.30.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, JANUARY 6TH, 1869.

WE gave in a recent issue, a very interesting extract, from the *Times of India*, upon the subject of granting appointments to native Indian gentlemen. With the main sentiments expressed in it, we entirely concur. That a liberal basis should be adopted in such questions, and that all distinctions of caste should, as far as practicable, be set aside, is now so fully recognised that is in surprising to find our able Indian contemporary deeming it necessary, at this date, to impress this principle upon the Government. We do not, however, believe that the causes for complaint are by any means so great as they are represented to be; or that the Government is open to all that the *Times of India* urges against it, upon the score of illiberality and insincerity. While perfectly willing to act in a fair spirit, the Government, if it be wise, will continue to doubt the validity of such principles as those quoted from COMBE in the course of the article under notice.

It is to this special point that we desire more particularly to call attention; because it is one, which bears intimately upon the policy which Great Britain has to adopt in this colony, and also in her relations with the Chinese Empire. It sounds very well to say that, in her treatment of the vast Asiatic Empire, over which Great Britain holds sway, or in her relations with numerous countries, such as China, she should act towards them entirely as on an equality. But the fact is that, while, no doubt on an equality in many respects, these nations are not on an equality with Great Britain, or with probably any other European nation, in the precise qualifications which enable people to rule, to maintain order, to uphold justice. "A moral Government of India," says COMBE, "would imply a thorough education of her people in the natural laws; in the training them to reverence and obey them; the employment of them in the administration of their own Government; placing them on a footing of equality in rights and rank with the British, and preparing them to become a free, moral, and intellectual people." Then the writer goes on to enumerate the great advantages that would result if we should ever succeed in bringing them into this condition.

The fallacy of the argument is in a single position, the very one, to wit, which the *Times of India* takes as its stand-point. We are told that we are to educate the Indian people to govern themselves, by employing them in the administration of the Government. But it is a significant fact that this ground is not taken by many Indian gentlemen themselves, and that the most advanced amongst them are fully impressed with the truth that great good has been done to their country, morally as well as physically, by the manner in which it has been governed by Great Britain. Put it to any enlightened native of India, whether he would prefer, for instance, that jurisdiction in the Law Courts should be given back to native Judges, to fall again into the weakness and corruption from which it has been regenerated, and his answer will be readily that he would rather to be governed and protected, at least in this respect, as he is.

And so also is it with regard to our relations with China. We are repeatedly urged to treat her as on an equality, under the idea that, by so doing, we shall in the course of time, enable her, in her diplomacy, to meet us on that footing. But does any one believe this likely to be the result? Does not all experience show that this only places our own diplomacy at a disadvantage, while it does not one whit improve that of China; and that it is not raising China to our level, but lowering ourselves to hers?

Such, we firmly believe, will be the result, both in India and China, if such principles as those advocated by COMBE be fully acted upon. In the one country, we shall deteriorate our Government, in the other, we shall lose our influence, if we attempt to deal with the natives as if they already were, what we hope they will become in the course of time. There is no mystic power in a Government appointment such as will work a revolution in the habits and thoughts of a whole nation. How inconsistent, therefore, is it to hold, on the one hand, that the natives are morally or intellectually uneducated, because they do not take a share in the Government, and yet urge that they should perform functions so important that the mere indirect influence of such a position will do away with all these defects! In the same way, though in a modified degree, a grave error is committed in imagining that, by conducting our relations with China, or with any similarly constituted nation, as though it were on an equality with us, we shall raise that nation to the desired position, and enable her to perform the duties, which she would be able discharge if she were more advanced in point of government and administration. The transit-dues question forms an apt illustration of our meaning. According to all rules applying between equal European nations, the one has no right to interfere with the internal economy, and especially with the financial economy, of the other. This should be the rule also with China; but everybody knows that it is not so, and everybody also knows the reason why it is not so, namely, that the wretched system in force among the Chinese is antagonistic to the development of legitimate trade, both native and foreign, and is opposed to the best interests, no less of the Chinese people, than of foreigners. In a word, the cause of foreign nations acting in a different way towards China to their course with other nations, in this and other like respects, is that the common sense of the world recognises that in these matters she is so obviously in the rear of the economical knowledge and commercial requirements of the present age; that to treat her as on an equality would be like arguing about the advantage or otherwise of reading SHAKESPEAR'S works, with a child who had scarcely yet mastered its A. B. C.

The death of the Marquis of Hastings, and the painful circumstances attending the last days of this unhappy nobleman, have formed a fruitful subject for discussion in the Home papers. "After a feverish career for a few years" says the *London Review*, "the Marquis of Hastings has died at the age of six-and-twenty, killed by the excitements of betting and of fast life. His name will long be associated with some of the most memorable "turf" transactions of the last five or six years; and after his heavy losses in the present year, and every one knew that his only remaining chance had gone, all hope of retrieving his already damaged fortunes was at an end. He was not supposed, however, that he was so near his death. But his health was failing when, in the early summer, he went to Norway; and when he returned to England, in the autumn, he could only go on crutches. He had lost two fine estates, and with them his health and his good name, his social position, and his hold on life." The *Times*, in an article which is reproduced elsewhere, comments in severe language upon the folly of the late Marquis' career, and points to the detrimental effects which are likely to follow upon the loss of influence on the part of the Aristocracy through such conduct in high places. The *Spectator* takes occasion to give one of those masterly and thoughtful articles, which have raised the reputation of that journal so high, upon the subject of gambling generally. After pointing out that it is a mistake to imagine that there is not a love of gambling in the Anglo-Saxon race, and that the real distinction between Englishmen or Americans, and other nations in this respect, is only one development of their energy, which extends even to play, and causes them to require a high stake to throw them off their mental balance, and noticing the effects, which this tendency has not only upon the higher, but also for respectable stepping down for the middle classes, the *Spectator* concludes its review in the weighty words, given at length in another column, upon the effects of gambling on the moral, intellectual, and industrial powers of Society.

Dr. La Grange fell a victim the day before yesterday to the smartness of a couple of coolies. It appears that the Doctor was proceeding in a chair to the French Consul's office, having a bag with $150 by his side. On arriving in Rigin-street, he alighted, leaving the precious Mexicans in the chair. This was too much for the coolies, they quietly took the dollars and "skedaddled," leaving the chair at the door. The securities for the coolies, who by their chair were known, have produced a man whom, they say is one of the coolies, and the case we believe goes before the magistrate to-day.

It seems somewhat strange that some means have not been contrived to stop the main and abominable system of gambling on the Praya. Only this morning, there were as many as five dirty vagabonds, all sided inside, opposite Messrs. Brandtner & Co's godown, each with the piece of canvas and dice cups. They did not seem to care anything for ordinary civilians passing along, as many gentlemen would pass quite close without causing the least uneasiness, but the moment a Sikh or Sepoy came by they were on and over the Praya wall into the boats, and who is to catch them then? The only way that can be adopted is to put Europeans in plain clothes on the Praya of a morning and change the constable, so that he will not be too well-known. A police officer in uniform is useless to stop what is undoubtedly a disgrace to the street, in which it is now only too common.

COURT OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION.

BEFORE JUDGE H. J. BALL.

JANUARY 5TH.

In the matter of the application on behalf of the trustees of the Sailors' Home for a reduction of the assessment for Police and Lighting rates. His Honour said that on looking at the ordinance he had arrived at the conclusion that the language there used was much too strong to allow him to interfere in the assessment. It was there laid down that any institution that was used "exclusively for charitable purposes should be subject to such reduction." He was of opinion that within the meaning of these words, the Sailors' Home could not be called such an institution, while there was a canteen and bowling alley in the building. That the object was a very laudable one, no one for a moment could deny, but he was opinion that within the meaning of the ordinance it was not exclusively a charitable institution. If the legislature had intended that such an institution was to receive a benefit, they should have used different language.

Mr. Caldwell said that the canteen and bowling alley were used for the support of the institution only.

His Honor remarked that there was a license taken out to sell liquor in the name of the Home, and with the strong language of the ordinance, he could not get over his present opinion. There would be no costs.

A. ABDOOLLATIFF, KAN-LOONG and others.—This was an action to recover the sum of $281.79, claimed as the difference in touch on a parcel of Tls. 300 of gold leaf, purchased by the plaintiff from the defendants. It appears that this parcel of gold leaf was purchased in the usual manner, and under the usual contract, which stipulates that any claim for under touch must be imported by an survey report from the master of the Mint at Bombay, made from three leaves selected from each parcel, half of each leaf only being used, and the other half being returned with the report. A claim was made on this purchase in May last, but the claim was refused, because the terms of the contract had not been complied with, that is, only one, instead of three leaves had been used in the assay. The matter was brought before the court, but the plaintiffs were non-suited on this ground. Since then, it appears, that plaintiffs had forwarded three leaves, which they had taken out of the parcel before forwarding it to Bombay, and obtaining a proper assay on these three leaves as set out in the contract, and they accordingly now made their claim for the difference of touch.

Defendants on their part deny that the three leaves alleged to have been subsequently forwarded to Bombay, are or were a part of the Tls. 300 purchased, but three leaves taken from another parcel purchased at another and separate time. Again, that at the former hearing of this case, the plaintiffs stated that the three leaves, which they had retained, had been sent to the Master of the Hongkong Mint for assay, and whose report thereupon was then produced.

On behalf of plaintiffs the comprador of their establishment testified that he saw three leaves taken out of each of the packages, and that they were in his possession and keeping until forwarded by his masters to Bombay. This testimony was substantiated by that of the plaintiff. It was submitted that the terms of the contract with regard to the assay having been complied with, they now had a right to demand the value of the certified difference of touch.

On behalf of defendants, it was submitted that, although three leaves might afterwards have been sent to Bombay, there was no evidence that they were three leaves taken out of the identical packages by the master of Mint at Bombay and therefore that there was no proof that the contract had been carried out.

After hearing the case at very considerable length, His Honor said he would reserve judgment.

Mr. Pollard, instructed by Mr. Caldwell, appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Hayllar, instructed by Mr. Rizeland, appeared for the defendants.

The above were the only two cases of any interest upon the cause list for hearing this day.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

BEFORE C. MAY, ESQ.

JANUARY 5TH.

ASSAULT ON A CHAIN-COOLIE.

Mr. Benjamin Minshin, broker, residing in the house in Hollywood-road occupied by Messrs. Gubbay & Co., and his Comprador, were summoned to answer a charge of assault.

This was one of those cases, of which there have been very many during last year, viz., the deferring of the payment of coolies until a quarrel and an assault results. Mr. Minshin hired the complainant's chair on Friday morning, and was carried until thirty cents was due to the coolies. On arriving at the house, the men are told to "come in the morning." They do come, and as Mr. Minshin is just going out, he requests them to "clear." On their becoming troublesome, they say he kicked, one of them in a very dangerous place, but as he says, he merely told them to go to the compradore. Now the compradore like the king in his counting-house, was "counting out his money," some $800; and did not wish to be disturbed, and he gratuitously undertook to thrash the coolies for interrupting him. The assault was denied by both defendants, but this did not much matter, as his Worship was informed that when the coolie applied for the summons, the blood which ran from the place where he was kicked, stained the floor of the office.

Mr. May, in deciding the matter, addressed the defendants at some length, but the whole of the argument was, *pay your coolies when you have finished with them.* That way of saying "come to-morrow," led to more trouble than enough. Mr. Minshin was fined $5, and the compradore $2. A sum of $3, was also to be given to the complainant.

THE PROPOSED BISHOPRIC FOR NINGPO.

(*From the "Supreme Court and Consular Gazette."*)

We are sorry to see by a letter which appears in the *Weekly Courier*, and which evidently proceeds from one who speaks the mind of the Missionary body, that the idea of establishing a Bishopric at Ningpo is not yet finally abandoned. It is remarkable that such a notion should be revived for a moment, in the present juncture. We have long been of opinion that a time has arrived for very careful reconsideration of the whole Missionary question. The visit of Dr. Norman McLeod to India at the request of the Scotch Churches was an indication that this idea was dawning upon the Directors of Evangelical Societies at home; and until the reports of large-minded and able men, unfettered by party ties, have been carefully composed and patiently considered, we think, it is premature to establish a new organization, more for respectable stepping aside for the middle classes, the *Spectator* concludes its review in the weighty words, given at length in another column, upon the effects of gambling on the moral, intellectual, and industrial powers of Society.

GAMBLING.

(*From the "Spectator."*)

The true gambler, the man who loves the chances rather than the cash, plays his stake out, and would not be "safe" even if he could. The temper of the Bourse, not into the industrious,—and the temper of the Bourse to men like the British, who cannot, like Orientals, go mad for an hour and then be sane for a day, is fatal at once to industry, to perseverance, to thrift, and to fair play, small virtues all of them essential to the well-being of a people who, lacking them, are apt to lack virtues altogether. The Marquis demoralized Englishmen just as much as if he had set up a faro-table in Trafalgar Square, and in just as vulgar a way; and if he had succeeded, would have demoralized them rather more than he did. He might, of course, have succeeded, and our own impression is that had he been physically a stronger man he would have succeeded. The orthodox remark that gamblers are always ruined is just as false as such generalizations usually are. Le Blanc is not ruined, and a racing man may by retribution make his transactions as safe as it is the "the pull of the table" is his fortune. There is no more reason why every racing man should be beaten in the long run, than why every gambler in ship insurances should be beaten in the long run. The late Mr. Thornton would probably have won on the concourse to the end, as he held at Lloyd's, and the main difference between the two modes of betting is this. It is not possible for any underwriter to win money by making ships go down, and it is possible for a "sportsman" to win money by making horses lose, and the retribution to fresh chances, is in addition to evil behoueing to the concourse. But the real evil is the stimulant it gives to the English passion for unearned money in large sums, and it was this passion, which is neither more nor less than hard greed, which was stimulated by the Marquis's example, and will be slightly checked by his failure to win. The check will not be much felt among the people, but it will influence the very wealthy and the aristocratic, and the instinctive antagonism Englishmen feel at the destruction of an ancient house and an old estate is probably in this instance misplaced.

There is another reason why such an example of failure may be beneficial. Unless we are greatly mistaken, we are on the threshold of another era of mingled vice and levity, a bad time, in which immense energy and grand means will be habitually directed to what is called the pursuit of pleasure, i. e., to individual gratification. The French Empire is probably the real source of the mischief. Men must and will seek some vent for their energies, strive for something, and when a man has all the wealth and all the rank he wants, he something is sure to be one of two things,—power or individual enjoyment, politics or the elaborate selfishness called "pleasure." This Empire forbids politics, and the *semeur d'ordre* tries to make its life full,—for that is the real object,—by intrigues, duels, feasts, and defiances to public opinion,—the latter often to natures originally brave, as exciting as defiances to an ox waving political parts. Since the Roman Empire fell there has hardly been a class at once so corrupt and so frivolous as the new generation of Parisian pleasure seekers, so defiant of moral laws or so profuse of every kind of expense. Still their lives are not inexperienced men full of sentiment, adventure, chance. The cosmopolitan classes always more or less influenced by Paris, and in England several causes have combined to make French examples effective. The permanent drawback of English life,—its tendency to the humdrum,—has for respectable stepping aside for the dullness of the Court, by the passion for accumulation, and by the wide spread of the pseudo-aesthetism inculcated by Calvin's ignorant of Calvin. Bourgeois manners have reigned, and bourgeois manners are regulated on the supposition that life ought to be dull, that half the amusements man has invented are wicked and the other half very frivolous, that originality in life is a really error, and that the usual is, therefore, of necessity the respectable. Even in politics the bourgeois spirit has prevailed. Charles Fox has become impossible. To rise in public life by sheer brain without much work or close attention to business has become almost hopeless, and no very great issues having been involved, the young have looked to politics as only just worth something than daily domesticities. Among an energetic race, given to sport, to travel, and to adventure, a reaction against so monotonous a conception of life was sure to arrive, and various incidents, the establishment of a new 3rd Napoleon Court, the rise of some serious political questions, and a marked change in the tone and aspirations of women, have all contributed to make it rapid. There is energy again in the young, and it is taking two lines, the minor one, a revival of the old spirit of speculation, and a pursuit of pleasure which sets manners, opinion, and in some cases, though, not all, morals at defiance. People are going their own way, and not the public way, and while some dozen or so "radical newspapers" are crying "Down with the Peerage," the young men who are rising middle-aged clubmen by fostering that the world needs reform in the interest of the poor, and scores of University men are driving clergymen wild by preaching a new creed half-social, half-religious, as many and more are playing a part not much in the distinguished fashion of the Marquis of Hastings. These latter want a check, to make them consider themselves, and his fate is just the one to induce them to do it. It is of no use talking to them of duties which they are almost the most inclined to fight, or of their duty to fight a mob, and from much the same motive, but it is of use to show them what failure means. They are of the nineteenth century, after all, these boys, and do not want to sit down at forty with broken constitutions, wrecked fortunes, and blunted sensibilities. They want to win, and the sight of a man who ought to have won and did not will be a healthful douche. Not to speak of the Marquisate, which was unimportant, Lord Hastings, twentieth or so Baron Grey de Ruthyn, and fourteenth or so Earl of Loudoun, with a fortune nominally of £40,000 a year, and really of about £18,000, had, at twenty-one, a position which can be equalled only in the United Kingdom, youth, health, wealth, distinction, and political power. Every society was open to him, any marriage easy to him, any form of life possible to him, and, to crown all, in the effort to attain any position in the State, he was free from the first where other and successful men are at forty-five. He must have had sound brains, too, originally to have succeeded as he did for two years, and a courage which, wretchedly as it was used, it is difficult for Englishmen not to admire, a courage which we may call rockiness, but which was externally at least, very like the fortitude under adversity of better men, and which in a line of life would have doubled his powers. He chose the "exciting." He, found it a bore, tried to escape ennui by plunging deeper, found that the bore too, and died at twenty-six without having even achieved success in his own poor walk, without having won the stake, with having achieved the blue ribbon of the Turf, without having earned the poor right to popularity among turf men. Six years of extremely little enjoyment,—for he cannot have enjoyed his own atrociously vulgar lavishness—ended in total ruin of a great house as old as the dynasty. That, wholly apart from the moral aspect of the matter, is the sort of result, the infinite majority of such men get out of such lives. Here and there, once or twice in a century, a Lord Saltire may turn up, but even among the minority of successful men the result is usually a Steyne. It is worth while to risk five chances of ruin for a sixth chance of developing into a Steyne? To outsiders the odds seem certainly a little heavy.

THE LATE MARQUIS OF HASTINGS.

(*From the "Times."*)

There are some unhappy occasions when it becomes a duty to depart from the charitable rule of saying nothing but good of the dead. Where the life has been public, and has entailed public consequences, we are justified in weighing of its real character, and plainness may be necessary both to prevent misapprehension in the present and to afford a warning for the future. The death of the Marquis of Hastings is announced this morning. His name has of late been notorious in connexion with the Turf, and our readers are too familiar with the transactions of the last few months of his life. Only five years ago he attained his majority, and assumed the honours of about a dozen peerages, with a fortune fully equal to his rank. He at once betook himself to the Turf; he made at the outset two or three successful ventures, and his natural propensity was thus unfortunately stimulated. In Turf language, he took to "plunging"—in other words, to wholesale and reckless gambling. He bought horses at sums before unheard of, and backed them for amounts hitherto unknown. He acted as if racing had been invented for no other purpose than to dissipate wealth, and he fell into the hands of those people who think that the chief use of the sport is to scatter wealth among themselves. The fatal "plunge" in such a course is sure to come at last. In the Derby of last year the Marquis lost a fabulous sum, and, after selling a splendid estate, was still obliged to place himself under the power of the money-lenders. He was no longer his own master, and whatever the truth about the suspicious transactions of the current year may be, the Marquis can hardly have been responsible for them, since he was but the tool of others. This year's Derby proved another ruinous defeat, and must have left him nothing that he could call his own. The ancestral estate is believed to have been secured to his family, through the purchase of his reversionary interest by his sister; but nothing else is saved out of the wreck. His personal expenditure was extravagant as his public gambling, and he was as prodigal of his honour as of his wealth. A lady of great beauty and rank had married him under very extraordinary circumstances; but he seemed to own no obligations either to morality or to respectability, and his private conduct was not even redeemed by privacy. The end has soon arrived, and the bearer of a dozen peerages, the descendant of a family which dates from the Conquest, the owner of a princely fortune, the possessor, in a word, of everything that rank, family, wealth, and marriage can bestow, has died at the age of twenty-six, ruined alike in health, in honour, and in estate. A short five years has rendered the name of the Marquis of Hastings a byword. It has reduced the Marquis's estate to the purchase of uninsisted annuitants, and has consigned the Marquis himself to an untimely and unhonoured grave.

If this, however, had been all, we should have left an obscure person to tell his own story, or to be forgotten as quickly as possible. But more important things than the Marquis are concerned in his ruin. We shall not trouble the reader with the often-repeated warning against the abuse of the Turf. If a Marquis has incurred, no doubt, the disgrace to which a once noble sport is now considered; but the evil is too far gone for remonstrance to be either necessary or useful. The character of the Turf is notorious, and, we fear, is past recovery. But the Marquis was connected with another institution, the character of which is of national importance. When a Peer of high rank drops his dignity in the dirt, he stains not only his own honour but that of his Order. The Peerage, indeed, as a whole, not in a spirit well worthy of their honours, and no one would think for a moment of holding them personally affected by such careers as that of the Marquis of Hastings. But though individuals are independent of each other, they cannot be separated from their Order, and a man in any rank of life is always fitted to compromise his profession by dishonourable conduct. The fact remains that the Marquis of Hastings was a Peer. Peerages were not created that they might be thus abused, and a dignity loses much of its value when it is seen that it can be so grievously discredited. Rank even enhances the mischief of such a career, for it creates, for a while a fictitious attraction, and gives a wider publicity to the offender's example. For this reason, of course, the offences of the peerage are more conspicuous than those of nobility are universal, and the sense of them ought to act as some safeguard to a man. It is true people are vicious and reckless, and ruin themselves, and their friends, in all ranks of life. But the possessor of a great name or a high position is tempted to venture chances the cosmopolitan classes always more or less influenced by Paris, and in England several causes have combined to make French examples effective. The permanent drawback of English life,—its tendency to the humdrum,—has for respectable stepping aside for the dullness of the Court, by the passion for accumulation, and by the wide spread of the pseudo-aesthetism inculcated by Calvin's ignorant of Calvin. Bourgeois manners have reigned, and bourgeois manners are regulated on the supposition that life ought to be dull, that half the amusements man has invented are wicked and the other half very frivolous, that originality in life is a really error, and that the usual is, therefore, of necessity the respectable. Even in politics the bourgeois spirit has prevailed. Charles Fox has become impossible. 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THE CRIMINAL CLASSES.

The *Times* cannot admit that the criminal classes are kept in proper check; and lays the responsibility, not upon the police, but upon the public, whose precinct lies the hands of the police. Why should a man, known to be a professional criminal, be treated as if he were honest and respectable? It does not follow that he ought necessarily be punished by anticipation for sins which he is about or likely to commit. But he should be compelled, after he has already forfeited his character by repeated offences, to state by what means he intends to earn his livelihood; and if he cannot supply a satisfactory answer, he should be either actually locked up or kept under strict surveillance. This proposal may sound like a horrible breach of the grand constitution principle—the liberty of the subject. But, after all, we have within recent years been guilty of a very similar violation of this principle in the suppression of disreputable houses, and no rare deceitful consequences have so far come of it. Why should a free citizen be allowed to harbour burglars and thieves, and not be forbidden to harbour a less dangerous class of offenders against the public morals? Yet, if the police were permitted to deal with the keepers of receiving-houses and thieves dens as they deal with the other offenders, a really decisive blow would at once be struck at the root of professional crime.

ELECTION ARRANGEMENTS.

Any rational man who happened to be present at one of the nominations for a great borough this week, could not fail to have been struck with the perfection of the arrangements for avoiding a disturbance. For several weeks every means are taken to excite the feelings and prejudices of the electors, and when the moral is nearly ripe, the opposing candidates are all brought upon one platform. If each side received a fair hearing under these circumstances it would be a sign that human nature had undergone some wonderful change. There are the candidates, hated or admired by the crowd, and of course the supporters cheer and the opposition hoot and yell. In almost every case the speeches which appear in the newspapers were apparentially dictated to the reporters, not a single complete sentence being audible by the electors, and candidates might have reasonably followed Mr. Roebuck's example in simply handing a written address to the reporters without any pretence of speaking it. The whole ceremony is useless in the case of a contest, and it is even more absurd to drag the representatives through a similar ordeal when the final result of the poll is declared. Then the losing side are often very angry, and to hear the men against whom they have been fighting rejoice in his victory does not abate their wrath. We might feel a pardonable hesitation in recommending so tremendous an innovation as the suppression of hard words from the platform; it would probably be regarded as another insidious attack upon the British Constitution. But the question will suggest itself whether the personal appearance of the candidates on these occasions is at all necessary? Is it not sufficient to dispense with all this cumbrous machinery. There is no nomination day, and no multitude called together to hear the declaration of the poll. Two days of noise and disturbance are thus done away with, and the election itself is completed in one day. We avoid the entertainment over three days. Who is benefited by it except the persons who have their hands in the candidates' pockets from beginning to end?

MISCELLANEOUS.

SINGULAR DEATH OF A MAN AND HORSE.—A farm labourer, named Morris, was sheltering him self, together with a horse and cart, in a plantation belonging to Colonel Hanbury, on the side of a large hay-stack at Mullinabro', near Waterford, on November 5th, when a strong gale of wind struck the stack, and upset it up on the unfortunate man, burying him and the horse beneath it. Both Morris and the horse were in very short time life was found to be extinct. The horse also was found to be dead.

BENEFITS OF LITERACY.—The *Times* publishes a gratifying account of the improvement of Venetian under liberation. Her trade has increased from £3,890,000 to £6,100,000, her tonnage from 263,775 tons to 334,764, while associations are being formed to organize direct communication with foreign countries which has hither to been mainly conducted *via* Trieste. A line of steamers has been opened to Alexandria, and a Venetian Office for Commerce is about to be opened to teach languages, banking, book-keeping, exchange, and commercial law. The work of primary education is being pressed on, 10,000 children having entered the schools in 1867, or one out of every two, and co-operative stores are springing up on every hand. These stores ought to suit the Italians every where, for they are born economists, do not care about time, and would at any time walk 4 miles to save the actual expenditure of a penny.

OPENING OF THE ANTWERP WAR.—A correspondent informs the *Scientific Review* that the engineers of the Antwerp garrison have recently made some experiments with the view of defending the passage of the Scheldt by a system of torpedoes, the explosion of which is regulated by the voltaic battery. This torpedoes are placed in three lines, and the camera placed at such a point of the coast that whenever a ship passes near one of the former its image is seen in it. As soon as the ship draws up over one of the torpedoes its image is seen in the camera at a certain fixed point, and at this moment an electric current is sent into the torpedo in question, which instantly explodes. The experiments were very successful, and are to be tried on a large scale. The Belgian Government has adopted the system to certain extent for the defence of Venice in the late Italian war.

A REMARKABLE DEMONSTRATION.—A strange scene took place in Cork on Sunday, the 5th November. A gentleman who had been several times prosecuted for treason died, and his coffin was followed to the graveyard by about fifteen thousand persons, according to the report of a local paper. Other Fenian displays also indicate that we have not yet done with this miserable folly. A meeting was held in the Dublin Rotunda, in which the Liberal candidates for the city were questioned as to their views on the release of the political prisoners. Both Sir Dominic Corrigan and Mr. Pim gave very hesitating and guarded promises, if promises their statements could be termed, on the subject. The former made rather a curious speech, in which he not only dealt with fresh principles, but touched upon the elements of air, earth, and

EXCHANGE.

ON LONDON.—
Bank Bills, at 6 months' sight.....4/4½
Credits, at 6 months' sight.....4/5
Documentary Bills, at 6 months' sight.....4/3½
Bank Bills on demand.....4/3¾

ON SHANGHAI.—
Bank, 3 days' sight.....75
Private, 30 days' sight.....76

ON CALCUTTA.—Bank, 3 days' sight.....223
BOMBAY.—Bank, 3 days' sight.....223

SALES OF JANUARY 5TH, 1869.

As reported by Chinese.

Vermicelli, 20 bags, at $7.00, by Fook-wing-loong to travelling merchant.

Green Peas, 100 piculs, at $2.25, by Fook-wing-loong to travelling merchant.

Black Dates, 20 bags, at Tls. 2 3.0., by Fook-wing-loong to Hui-fung merchant.

White Nuts, 30 piculs, at $4.00, by Chee-hing-loong by retail.

Dried Mussels, 30 piculs, at $3.70, by Fook-mow-loong to travelling merchant.

Buffalo Hides, 30 piculs, at $3.40, by Fook-mow-loong to Fat-shun-merchant.

Green Peas, 2,700 piculs, at $1.74, by Kin-foong to Car-ton merchant.

White Wax, 1 piece, at $250.00, by Kin-foong to travelling merchant.

Black Dates, 10 bags, at Tls. 3.3.0., by Kin-foong to travelling merchant.

Dried Lily-Flowers, 10 bags, at $10.05, by Kin-foong to travelling merchant.

Bengal Cotton, 33 bales, at $19.25, by Parsee merchant to Mun-shing.

Bengal Cotton, 70 bales, at $19.75, by Sumjeebhoy & Co. to Yuet-wo-hong.

Notices of Firms.

THE interest and responsibility of Mr. ABRAHAM DAVID EZEKIEL, in our Firm in China, ceased on the 31st December last, and Mr. CHARLES ELIAS SASSOON has been admitted a partner therein from this date:

E. D. SASSOON & Co.

1m 29 Hongkong, 1st January, 1869.

NOTICE.

MR. D. O. CLARK retires from our firm, and Mr. J. MURRAY FORBES and Mr. E. D. BARBOUR are admitted partners from this date.

RUSS BELL & Co.

6m 12 China, 1st January, 1869.

THE interest and responsibility of Mr. GEORG WILHELM SCHWEMANN and of Mr. RODOLPH HEINSEN in our firm ceased on the 31st December, 1867, and 31st December, 1868, respectively.

Mr. FERDINAND NISSEN and Mr. HEINRICH HOPFTUS have this day been admitted partners in our firm at Hongkong and in China, which now consists of Mr. GEORG THEODOR SIEMSSEN, Mr. WOLDEMAR NISSEN, Mr. ADOLPH JOOST, Mr. FERDINAND NISSEN and Mr. HEINRICH HOPFTUS.

SIEMSSEN & Co.

3m 4 Hongkong, 1st January, 1869.

MR. THEOPHILUS GEE TINSTEAD is this day admitted a partner in our Firm.

Our offices have been removed to the premises in *Aberdeen Street*, at the corner of Messrs. GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.'s compound.

A. G. HOGG & Co.

7d 5 Hongkong, 1st January, 1869.

NOTICE.

MR. JAMES H. ROBERTSON and Mr. HENRY WIDAYS are authorized to sign our firm in China and Hongkong from this date.

BULL, PURDON & Co.

China, January 1st, 1869. [3m

THE interest and responsibility of Mr. JAMES BENFORD DEACON in our Firm ceased on the 31st December, 1868, and Mr. SIDNEY DEACON is this day admitted a partner.

DEACON & Co.

3m 14 Canton, 1st January, 1869.

NOTICE.

WE have this day established ourselves at this Port as Merchants and Commission Agents, under the firm of

KRUMMENACHER & Co.

J. KRUMMENACHER.
H. RADECKER.

Office: No. 12, Stanley Street.

Hongkong, 1st January, 1869. [tf 13

MR. C. EMIL BADE has been admitted a partner in our Firm here and at Shanghai, from the 1st October, 1868.

EDUARD SCHELLHASS & Co.

1m 2279 Hongkong, 7th December, 1868.

I HAVE this day authorised Mr. C. LANGDON DAVIES, Public Accountant, to sign my name, appending his initials thereto, and I alone am liable to pay for goods supplied upon orders so signed.

LEE-A-HONG.

tf 2237 Hongkong, 5th December, 1868.

NOTICE.

I HAVE this day established myself as a Public Accountant, Average Adjuster, and General Commission Agent.

C. LANGDON DAVIES.

tf 1243 Hongkong, 1st July, 1868.

FROM and after this date Mr. GEORGE F. BOWRAY will act as Agent of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company at this Port.

S. L. PHELPS, *Agent.*

tf 1839 Hongkong, 15th August, 1867.

NOTICE.

THE interest and responsibility of Mr. WILLIAM NELSON in our Firm ceased on the 30th June last.

Mr. TOBIAS PIM, Mr. WILLIAM NISBET OLMSTED, and Mr. ALEXANDER SEYMOUR GEARY, are authorized to sign our Firm in Hongkong and China from this date.

OLYPHANT & Co.

tf 1901 Hongkong, 6th October, 1868.

NOTICE.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, carrying on business under the style and firm of BOWRA & Co., expired by lapse of time on 1st May last.

Either of the undersigned will sign the firm, in liquidation, from this date.

FRED. M. HALLIANT.
G. A. F. NORRIS.

tf 1880 Hongkong, 1st October, 1868.

Referring to the above notice, the Stock-in-Trade, Goodwill, Fixtures, &c., of this old established business is offered for Sale.

WE have this day established a branch of our firm at Hiogo and Osaka, and Mr. W. MOURILYAN is duly authorized to sign our name, per procuration, at the above ports.

ALT & Co.

Nagasaki, 1st January, 1869.

WITH reference to the above, the business hitherto conducted by members in this day transferred to Messrs. ALT & Co.

WALTER MOURILYAN.

1m 34 Kobe (Hiogo), 1st January, 1869.

THE interest and responsibility of Mr. FREDERICK PEUSER in our firm cease from this date.

H. D. BROWN & Co.

Amoy, 31st December, 1868.

MR. FRANCIS CHOMLEY is a partner in our firm, which from this date will be conducted under the name of BROWN & Co

H. D. BROWN & Co.

3m 19 Amoy, 1st January, 1869.

MR. WILLIAM MAINSELL REEVES is authorized to sign our firm by procuration from this date.

E. H. HOW & Co.

1m 2497 Foochow, 21st December, 1868.

I HAVE established myself at this Port, as a GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, under the style and firm of GIFFORD F. PARKER & Co.

GIFFORD FORBES PARKER.

Saigon, 20th December, 1867. [tf 50

NOTICE.

MR. C. J. H. SCHRÖDER is authorized to sign our firm per procuration from this date.

SCHWANBECK & THIEL.

tf 2246 Saigon, 14th November, 1868.

NOTICE.

I HAVE this day admitted Mr. J. THUELSEN a partner in my business, which will in future be carried on under the style and firm of GROTH & THUELSEN.

J. GROTH.

3m 1945 Ningpo, 1st October, 1868.

FOR SALE.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES, Apply to

L. FRICKEL & Co.

tf 26 Hongkong, 4th January, 1869.

Vessels on the Berth.

STEAM TO SWATOW, AMOY, AND FOOCHOW.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamship

"FORMOSA"

will leave for the above places at 9 A.M. TO-MORROW, the 7th instant.

W. MACAULAY, *Superintendent.*

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office.

Hongkong, 4th January, 1869. [2d 23

FOR YOKOHAMA.

THE British steamer

"THALES,"

Captain J. Roskell, will have quick dispatch for the above port.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

P. & A. C. CAMAJEE & Co., *Agents.*

tf 30 Hongkong, 5th January, 1869.

FOR BANGKOK.

THE Clipper ship

"RED DEER,"

Captain Spence, 775 Tons register, will leave for the above port about THURSDAY next, the 7th instant.

For Freight or Passage apply to

GILLMAN & Co.

tf 35 Hongkong, 5th January, 1869.

FOR BOMBAY.

THE British barque

"ESK,"

Capt. Nobbs, having the greater portion of her Cargo engaged, will meet with quick dispatch for the above port.

For Freight, apply to

D. JUSSONJEE & Co., *Agents for Charterers.*

1w 36 Hongkong, 5th January, 1869.

FOR MANILA.

THE Spanish Brig

"NUEVO CONSTANTE,"

Fabie, Master, will have quick dispatch as above.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

RMIGIDIOS & Co.

tf 2137 Hongkong, 29th December, 1868.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

THE *A 1* American barque

"PEKIN,"

W. F. Seymour, Master, will have quick dispatch for the above port.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

OLYPHANT & Co.

tf 2130 Hongkong, 29th December, 1868.

FOR MELBOURNE AND SYDNEY.

THE British ship

"LYTTELTON,"

Capt. Beck, will have immediate dispatch for the above ports.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

ROZARIO & Co.

tf 2424 Hongkong, 28th December, 1868.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

THE *A 1* North German barque

"ALBATROSS,"

Capt. Ouken, has superior accommodation for Cabin Passengers.

For Passage, apply to

EDUARD SCHELLHASS & Co.

tf 2407 Hongkong, 24th December, 1868.

FOR NEW YORK.

THE British barque

"GLENDOVEER,"

Capt. Wilson, will load here and at Whampoa, and have immediate dispatch for the above port.

For Freight, apply to

RUSSELL & Co.

tf 2403 Hongkong, 24th December, 1868.

FOR MELBOURNE AND SYDNEY.

THE Dutch barque

"ZEPHIR,"

Capt. Oostrum, will have quick dispatch as above.

For Freight, apply to

RUSSELL & Co.

tf 2409 Hongkong, 24th December, 1868.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

THE North German barque

"ALBATROSS,"

Capt. Ouken, will have quick dispatch as above.

For Freight, apply to

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.

tf 2363 Hongkong, 16th December, 1868.

FOR SYDNEY *(Direct)*.

THE British Barque

"MELROSE,"

Capt. Kinbird, will have quick dispatch as above

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JOHN BURD & Co.

tf 2314 Hongkong, 10th December, 1868.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

To follow the "Marie,"

THE British Ship

"GOLDEN HORN,"

Capt. Rice, will have early dispatch for the above port.

For Freight, apply to

RUSSELL & Co.

tf 2254 Hongkong, 3rd December, 1868.

FOR SALE, FREIGHT, OR CHARTER.

THE British Barque

"ESK,"

404 Tons Register, carrying capacity, dead weight 11,000 piculs. Apply to

RUSSELL & Co.

tf 2329 Hongkong, 12th December, 1868.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

THIS HOTEL will be conducted under a new arrangement, commencing on the 1st of December. The Charges for Board will remain as follows:—

Board, $45 a month. Tiffin only, $15 a month. Dinners only, $30 a month. One Breakfast or one Tiffin, 80 cents. One Dinner, $1.25.

There is an excellent Assortment of Wines for sale, at moderate prices.

The Charges for Lodging will be very considerably reduced. Rooms are offered to monthly lodgers at $25, $30, $35, $40, or $45, a month.

Occasional Visitors are charged $1 a day for their Rooms, with or without board.

There is an ample supply of Bathrooms, and Gas is laid on throughout the house.

tf 2250 Hongkong, 2nd December, 1868.

NOTICE.

NOW publishing, a series of Photographic Views of Hongkong, Canton, and Macao. Characteristic Groups, &c., &c., by the undersigned, about 100 Photographs to select from.

In sets of 50 mounted, price		$30.00
" 1/4 " " 25		20.00
" 1/2 " " 50 unmounted,		25.00
" 3/4 " " 25		15.00

FLOYD & Co.

tf 1803 Hongkong, 21st September, 1868.

NOTICE.

MR. J. THOMSON begs to intimate that he is now publishing a series of 40 Views of Hongkong, price $25.

10 Views from plates 14 by 9.
20 do. do. 10 " 8.
4 small instantaneous subjects of Dragon Feast.

tf 1713 Hongkong, 10th September, 1868.

FOR SALE.

SIX Copies, "Portraits of Men of Eminence in Literature, Science, and Art," with Biographical memoirs from 1862 to 1867. Edited by EDWARD WALFORD, M.A.; the Photographs from Life by ERNEST EDWARDS, B.A.

Apply to J. H. E., *Daily Press.*

1m 2389 Hongkong, 21st December, 1868.

U. B. DICK & Co.'s "*L'EXTINGTEUR.*"

THE Undersigned, as Agents for the Patentees, are prepared to take orders for, or sell the above at Original Prices, reduced at 4s. 2d. per Dollar, with an addition of 15% for freight and charges.

Models can be seen at the premises of

ARNOLD, KARBERG & Co.

	Prices.	
For Engine.		*Charges.*
No. 3,—£4	$22	3s.....$0.83 cents.
" 4,—£4.10s.	$25	4s.....$1.10 "
" 5,—£5. 5s.	$29	5s. 6d. $1.32 "
" 6,—£6. 6s.	$35	7s.....$1.90 "

1m 2301 Hongkong, 9th December, 1868.

Vessels Loading.

Destination	Vessel's Name	Captain	At	For Freight Apply to	To be Dispatched.
NEW YORK	Glendoveer	Wilson	Hongkong	Russell & Co.	Quick dispatch.
SAN FRANCISCO	Golden Horn	Rice	Hongkong	Russell & Co.	Quick dispatch.
Do.	Pekin	W. F. Seymour	Hongkong	Olyphant & Co.	Quick dispatch.
Do.	Albatross	Ouken	Hongkong	Augustine Heard & Co.	Quick dispatch.
Do.	Albatross	Ouken	Hongkong	Eduard Schellhass & Co.	Quick dispatch.
MELBOURNE & SYDNEY	Lyttleton	Beck	Hongkong	Rozario & Co.	Quick dispatch.
Do. Do.	Zephir	Oostrum	Hongkong	Russell & Co.	Quick dispatch.
SYDNEY	Melrose	Kinbird	Hongkong	John Burd & Co.	Quick dispatch.
BOMBAY	Esk	Nobbs	Hongkong	D. Jussonjee & Co.	Quick dispatch.
BANGKOK	Red Deer	Spence	Hongkong	Gillman & Co.	On or about the 7th inst.
MANILA	Nuevo Constante	Fabie	Hongkong	Remedios & Co.	Quick dispatch.
YOKOHAMA	Thales (str.)	J. Roskell	Hongkong	P. & A. C. Camajee & Co.	Quick dispatch.
SHANGHAI	Titania (str.)		Hongkong	Augustine Heard & Co.	To-morrow, at 4 P.M.
SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW	Formosa (str.)		Hongkong	P. & O. S. N. Co.	To-morrow, at 9 A.M.
Do. Do. Do.	Kwang-hing (str.)	Pitman	Hongkong	Douglas Lapraik & Co.	Quick dispatch.

For Sale.

SAYLE & CO.,
VICTORIA EXCHANGE,
QUEEN'S ROAD,
LINEN DRAPERS, SILK MERCERS,
HABERDASHERS, HOSIERS, HATTERS
MERCHANT TAILORS,
AND
GENERAL OUTFITTERS.

Have pleasure in announcing that their Autumn and Winter Stocks are now on view. SAYLE & Co. would respectfully invite special attention to their Goods, as they have been selected with great care to meet the requirements of this climate.

The TAILORING comprises a select assortment of

SCOTCH AND ENGLISH FANCY TWEEDS.
BLACK AND BLUE BROADS,
WEST OF ENGLAND BROADS,
WHITNEYS, PILOTS,
VENETIANS, MELTONS, AND
BEDFORD CORDS.
NAVAL AND MILITARY CLOTHS.
FANCY VESTINGS.
PLAIN & FANCY FLANNELS,
for Suits (Shrunk).
JAPANESE CLOTHS,
for Dressing Gowns.

This department being under the supervision of experienced West End Cutters, Gentlemen may rely upon obtaining a perfect fit.

HOSIERY.

MERINO, LAMBSWOOL, SILK, LISLE, AND COTTON SOCKS.
MERINO UNDER VESTS & DRAWERS.
LONG-CLOTH, SILK AND WOOL, AND CRIMEAN SHIRTS.
PAJAMAS AND MORNING GOWNS.
CAMBRIC AND SILK POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS.
CASHMERE SCARVES & MUFFLERS.

A select assortment of

SILK TIES AND SCARVES,

in a variety of new styles, have been just received.

HATS.

GENTS' BLACK DRESS HATS.
BEAVER & SHELL HATS.
BLACK AND DRAB FELT HATS.
NAVAL AND TRAVELLING CAPS.

MATS AND RAILWAY RUGS, in many sizes and patterns.

CARPETS AND FURNISHING.

Brussels and Tapestry and Velvet Pile CARPETS.
Felt Squares and Sofa CARPETS.
Coir MATTING AND MATS.
Axminster and Tapestry RUGS.
Velvet Pile RUGS.
Silk and Wool, and all Wool DAMASKS and REPS.
LACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS.
CURTAIN CORDS AND TRIMMINGS, (To match).
PRINTED AND EMBROIDERED TABLE COVERS.
HOUSEHOLD LINENS.
BATH BLANKETS, TURKISH TOWELS.
DAMASK CLOTHS AND NAPKINS.
OVERLAND TRUNKS,
PORTMANTEAUS, AND CRICKETING BAGS.
SILK UMBRELLAS, WALKING-STICKS
SOAPS, PERFUMERY,
HAIR BRUSHES, &c., &c.

tf 2030 Hongkong, 29th October, 1868.

FOR SALE.

JUST Received, per *Red Deer* and *Dunkeld*.

CHAMPAGNE.	
Champagne Cabinet, in quarts,	$18
Do. in pints, (2 dozen case),	19
CLARET.	
Breakfast Claret,	4
DESSERT CLARETS.	
Chateau Lurcee,	9
" Margaux,	10
BURGUNDY.	
Clos de Vougeot,	12
SAUTERNE.	
Haut Sauternes,	6
VINS DU RHIN.	
Steinberg Cabinet, 1867,	12
Lief Rauenich,	9
VERMOUTH.	
Good quality,	8
ABSINTHE.	
Good quality,	12
SHERRY.	
First quality,	10
PORT.	
First quality,	12
BRANDY.	
Jas. Hennessy & Co.'s 1st quality,	10
2nd "	9
Martell's extra,	12
FRENCH PRESERVES.	
Petits Pois, per dozen,	5
Artichauds,	6
Cauliflowers,	6
Brussel Sprouts,	7
Asparagus,	9
Celery au jus,	7
Bouillon Gras,	4
Carrots,	3
Beet Root,	6
Green Peas,	5
French Beans,	4
Champignon,	6
Sardines, ¼,	2
Turbot in oil,	12
Julienne Soup,	7
Flageolets,	7
Cepes in oil,	8
Pics, Partridge,	18
Snipe,	18
Hare,	18
Plover,	18
For the Mess.	
Preserved Meats, in tins of 4 lbs. each, per dozen,	12
FRENCH BUTTER.	
In tins of 6 lbs. each,	8
FRENCH VINEGAR.	
In quarts, per dozen,	4.50
SALAD OIL.	
Finest sublime, in quarts, 1 doz. cases,	8
SPANISH ONYX.	
In 1-dozen cases,	5
MARASCHINO.	
De Zara, extra, per dozen,	24
SUGARS.	
Loaf Sugar, 15 cents per lb.	
Crushed Sugar of 1st quality, in tins of 25 lbs., per tin,	4.50
FRESH ROASTED MOCHA COFFEE.	
In tins of 10 lbs., each,	3.25

Apply to DUBOST & Co.

1m 2413 Hongkong, 24th December, 1868.

FOR SALE.

MANILA HARD WOOD, consisting of MOLAVES, BANABAS, ARANGAS, and other descriptions. Apply to

LANDSTEIN & Co.

tf 1502 Hongkong, 12th August, 1868.

FOR SALE.

THE desirable PROPERTY on *Queen's Road*, lately occupied by Messrs. SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.

For particulars, apply to

SMITH, ARCHER & Co.

tf 2032 Hongkong, 10th December, 1867.

FOR SALE.

SUPERIOR OLD PORT, in 1 Dozen Cases. "MALVAZIA DE DOURO," 1 " "

Apply to

J. J. DOS REMEDIOS & Co.

3m 1926 Hongkong, 10th October, 1868.

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

T. AND D. HENRY'S Best Government Navy CANVAS, constantly on hand.

At LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 2352 Hongkong, 15th December, 1868.

Just received from Rotterdam.

WYNAUD FOKING'S Double Orange CURACOA.
Wynaud Foking's White CURACOA.
AVE GIN, in white and square Bottles.
Pomeranzen BITTERS.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 2353 Hongkong, 15th December, 1868.

FOR SALE, *Ex "Hassel," "Red Deer," &c.*

AMERICAN Prime Mess BEEF, in Barrels and Half-barrels.
Hamburg Prime Mess BEEF, in Barrels.
Hamburg Prime Mess PORK, in Barrels.
Prime Danish BUTTER, in 7 lbs. Tins, quite fresh.
Muller's CELEBRATED LAGERBIER, in Cases of 4 dozen quarts, $8 per case.
Doetjen's Bremen PALE ALE, in quarts.

At LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 2354 Hongkong, 15th December, 1868.

FOR SALE, *Ex "Hassel," "Red Deer," &c.*

HUBBACK'S Boiled LINSEED OIL, in Drums and Wood.
Hubback's Raw LINSEED OIL, in Drums and Wood.
Hubback's Bright VARNISH, in Barrels.
Hubback's Spirits of TURPENTINE, in Drums.
Hubback's Best White ZINC, White LEAD, Dry Red LEAD, Black, Green, and Blue PAINT, &c.
Peacock's Patent COMPOSITION RIGGING LEATHER, PUMP LEATHER, Deep Sea LEAD LINES, LOG LINES, SIGNAL HALYARDS.
Assorted Colors BUNTING.
Best English SPLIT PEAS, in Barrels.

At LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 2355 Hongkong, 15th December, 1868.

JUST received from France, and for sale by the undersigned.

A Fresh Supply of BUTTER, in bottles, in finest condition.
Gruyere CHEESE.
French CHOCOLATE, at 75 cents per lb.
A Fine Assortment of French BONBONS and CONFECTIONERY.
FRUITS, in juice, from Toryssonneau.
FRUITS, in brandy, from Toryssonneau.
Crystallised FRUITS, BONBONS with mottoes, &c., &c., for Presents.
A Large Assortment of VEGETABLES, in tins.
MACCARONI and VERMICELLI.
French MUSTARD, French SALAD OIL, French White Wine VINEGAR.

LAMBERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 2356 Hongkong, 14th December, 1868.

FOR SALE, *ex "Whitehall," "Red Deer," and other services.*

BASS'S ALE, in hogsheads and kilderkins.
Bass's ALE, in glass, quarts and pints.
Guinness's Dublin STOUT, in do.
Barclay & Co.'s PORTER, in wood.
Hennessy's Pale BRANDY, in bottle.
Gates & Co.'s superior do. do.
Balansegue's superior Fine CHAMPAGNE COGNAC.
Duff Gordon's SHERRIES, from $7.50 to $13.00 per dozen.
Light Dinner SHERRY, at $6 per dozen.
Tawny Old PORT.
Full Flavoured Fruity PORT.
Swaine and Smith's OLD TOM GIN.
OILMAN'S STORES, of every description, from Grosse and Blackwell and T. T. Morton.
Compton Brothers' HAMS, CHEESE, and BACON.
Oxford, Cambridge, and German SAUSAGES.
Paté de Fois GRAS TRUFFE.
Assorted Potted HAM and MEAT PATES.
Perigord TRUFFLES.

At LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 2357 Hongkong, 14th December, 1868.

FOR SALE.

THE Undersigned offer for sale, at very moderate prices, a choice Assortment of fine flavored Rhenish WINES, as—

GENUINE JOHANNESBERGER CABINET.
STEINBERGER CABINET.
MARCOBRUNNER CABINET.
SCHARLACHSBERGER.
LIEBFRAUENMILCH.
NIERENSTEINER, in quarts and pints.
JOSEPHSHOFER.
RUDESHEIMER BERG.
SELTZER WATER, in quarts and pints.

Also.

Reimart Père & Fils CHAMPAGNE, in quarts and pints.
GASPAR TESTULATS, in quarts and pints.
PERRIER JOUETS, in quarts and pints.
JULES MUMM, in quarts and pints.
Adolph Collins' BOUZY MOSSELLIN.
Adolph Collins' BOUZY CABINET.
EUGENE CLIQUOT.
Duc de Montebello CORDON, in quarts and pints.
SPARKLING HOCK.
After Dinner CLARET, in pints.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 2358 Hongkong, 15th December, 1868.

WILL Close their first at Hongkong on the 31st January, 1869, and sell off their whole valuable Stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING
AT COST PRICE.

Superfine Black Cloth Shooting Coats,	$10 to	15	
" " Frock "	13 "	18	
" " Dress "	13 "	18	
" " Pants,	"	6	
" " Vests,	"	2.50	
Suits of the newest Styles & Patterns,	13 "	18	
Fancy Tweed Shooting Coats,	6 "	12	
" Sac Coats,	8 "	10	
Merino Shooting and Sac Coats,		3	
Alpaca "		2	
" Vests and Pants,			
Light and heavy Trousers,	2 "	7	
Linen Jackets,		1.75	
Cotton, "		1	
Linen Sac Coats,		2	
" Trousers,		24	
" Vests,		24	

tf 2441 Hongkong, 30th December, 1868.

Ex "Mikado," and "Whitehall."

MISS ROSE

HAS received a Choice Selection of *French* and *English* Fancy GOODS suitable for BIRTHDAY and CHRISTMAS PRESENTS, also TOYS, in great variety.

QUILTINGS, SERGES, REPS, Plain and Printed FLANNELS, PRINTS, CALICOS, MERINO, and all the newest designs in Woollen GOODS.

BLANKETS, Huckaback and Turkish TOWELLING, Bath BLANKETS, &c., &c.

And, per last Overland Mail.

Ladies' & Children's HATS and BONNETS.
Silk VELVET, VELVETEEN, and CLOTH JACKETS, in the latest styles.

WELLINGTON STREET,

Opposite the Catholic Chapel.

tf 2291 Hongkong, 8th December, 1868.

FOR SALE.

DRAUGHT PORTER, in Kilderkins.

Apply to

HOWARD HODGES.

tf 1827 Hongkong, 28th August, 1868.

SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF! RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.

A. ULLMANN begs respectfully to inform his friends and the Public of Hongkong, that he is selling off his valuable Stock of Clothing, Fancy Goods, Jewellery, Watches, Chains, and a large assortment of Perfumery, including an assortment of the newest Articles, per *Omeo*, at a great reduction, in consequence of his retiring from business.

Nos. 26 and 28, Rua da Europeia,
Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

tf 1794 Hongkong, 21st September, 1868.

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

"TOYS!" "TOYS!!"

GENTLEMEN'S FELT HATS, of the latest Fashion, from London and Paris.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

FRENCH GLACES, CORDED SILKS, Black and Coloured.
Plain and Fancy Coloured SILKS.
Black and Coloured VELVETS.

FANCY BRAIDED JACKETS, Black Silk and Merino.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's French KID GLOVES.
Trimmed White Muslin and Tulle BODIES, for Evening wear.
WREATHS AND FLOWERS.
FRENCH FOULARDS for Dresses.
FRENCH MERINOES, Black and Coloured
BAREGE and FANCY DRESSES, from 25 to 50 cents per yard.
Black SILK, VELVET, and CLOTH JACKETS.
The latest Fashion of
WOOLLEN JACKETS, $4.
LADIES' STOCKINGS, Woollen, Thread, and Cotton.
English and French.
HATS and BONNETS.
A large Assortment of
TRIMMINGS, Plain and Fancy, for Dresses.
A large Selection of
FANCY CLOTHS,
For GENTLEMEN'S SUITS.
GENTLEMEN'S FRENCH SHIRTS and COLLARS.
LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S FRENCH BOOTS.
PRINTS, at 20 cents per yard.
SHEETINGS.
ENGLISH WOOLLEN BLANKETS and COUNTERPANES.
FRENCH SPRING MATTRESSES for Beds, and CANOPIES.

The DRESS-MAKING is under the Management of an experienced

FRENCH DRESSMAKER,

who has great taste.

French and English
PERFUMERY,
from the best
LONDON AND PARIS HOUSES.

ALEXANDRE BOYER,
Corner of Wellington and D'Aguilar Streets.

tf 1839 Hongkong, 18th December, 1868.

FOR SALE.

GALVANIZED Corrugated SHEET IRON.
Muntz's YELLOW METAL SHEATHING, 30 to 26 oz.
Gourock Bleached and Boiled CANVAS, Nos. 1 to 6.
Bolt ROPE, 2½ inch. to 4½ inch.

MORGAN, LAMBERT & Co.

tf 1661 Hongkong, 1st September, 1868.

YELLOW METAL, 16 to 28 oz. and NAILS. Apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

tf 1760 Hongkong, 16th September, 1868.

FOR SALE.

ex S. S. "Tigre."

A FEW bags Mocha COFFEE, at $7 per bag of 28 lbs. Apply to

G. DUROST & Co.

tf 1909 Hongkong, 1st September, 1868.

FOR SALE.

A DONKEY ENGINE, with Condenser attached. Chaplin's Patent. Apply to

S. E. BURROWS & SONS.

tf 2183 Hongkong, 21st November, 1868.

JUST LANDED.

H. ROTHWOLD & TALLBE offer for Sale at very low prices a few Westphalian Hams, Dutch Cheese, Dutch Herrings, Butter, and Anchovies in Pots, Dutch Fancy Cakes in Bottles, Sauer Kraut in 3 lbs. Bottles, to suit Purchasers.

And always on hand the best of Whampoa Fresh and Corned Beef and Smoked Tongues.

tf 2016 Hongkong, 26th October, 1868.

FOR SALE, JUST RECEIVED.

500 BARRELS Portland CEMENT.

Apply to

FREDERIC DECENAER,
3, d'Aguilar Street.

tf 1740 Hongkong, 14th September, 1868.

TARIAM'S BRANDY in 1 doz. cases.
" SHERRY " 3 "
" PORT " 2 "
" CLARET " 1 "

BIRLEY & Co.

J. AND R. TENNENT'S ALE and PORTER.

DAVID COUSAR & SONS'
Merchant Navy
Navy Boiled
Dong Flax
Cowen } CANVAS.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

tf 1130 Hongkong, 11th May, 1867.

EX "RED DEER," & "DUNKELD."

FOR SALE, at moderate prices, and in lots to suit purchasers:—
Prime York HAMS.
Prime Strasburg BACON.
North Wilts CHEESE.
Scotch WHISKY, "Mountain Dew."
Guinness's STOUT, in Pints.
do. do. in Quarts.
Bass's ALE, in Pints.
do. do. in Quarts.

Apply to

J. F. ROSE,
Wellington Street.

tf 2293 Hongkong, 22nd December, 1868.

FOR SALE.

BEATO'S Japanese VIEWS and COSTUMES.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

tf 1614 Hongkong, 27th August, 1868.

FOR SALE A Set of Double PONY HARNESS very complete, and handsome, best London make, Price $50.

Apply at the Office of this Paper.

FOR SALE.

YELLOW Metal, 18 to 28 oz., Muntz and Vivian's

JOHN BURD & Co.

tf 670 Hongkong, 6th April, 1866.

FOR SALE.

PRINTING PAPER.

HESSE & Co.

tf 1146 Hongkong, 20th June, 1868.

For Sale.

MULLER & CLAUSSEN,
WOOLLEN DRAPERS,
MERCHANT TAILORS, HOSIERS, AND OUTFITTERS.

Beg to call the attention of the Public of Hongkong to their

NEW GOODS,

received per *United Service*, consisting of:—

Naval and Military BLUE BROADS.
West of England BROADS and DOESKINS.
Black and Blue MELTONS.
Fancy ANGOLAS, BUCKSKINS, and Scotch CHEVIOTS.
Fancy TWEEDS, in suit lengths (shrunk).
WITNEYS, BEAVERS, PILOTS, &c.
PETERSHAMS, &c., &c.

Particular attention is paid to the

TAILORING DEPARTMENT

by an

EXPERIENCED ENGLISH CUTTER,

therefore gentlemen can rely upon obtaining a

PERFECT FIT

on the shortest possible notice.

Cotton, Lisle Thread, Merino, and Lambswool SOCKS.
Ladies' Cotton, Balbriggan, and Merino HOSE.
Cotton, Silk, and Merino UNDER VESTS and DRAWERS.
CARDIGAN JACKETS.
Silk and Wool, Cashmere, and Crimean SHIRTS.
COLLARS, and SCARVES, in all the newest styles.
BRACES, Woollen WRAPPERS, &c., &c.
Kid, Doeskin, Buckskin, and Cloth GLOVES.
Drab Shell HATS.
Black and Drab FELT HATS.
Boy's Fancy CLOTH and Scotch CAPS.

DAWSON'S BOOTS.

A large assortment of Ready-made CLOTHES, SELLING OFF at less than cost prices.

MULLER & CLAUSSEN.

10, *Queen's Road.*

tf 2400 Hongkong, 23rd December, 1868.

S. W. BAKER & Co.

BEG to invite inspection of their New STOCK for the Season, received per late arrivals, including:—

Hats, Bonnets, Opera Cloaks, Dresses, in plain and fancy Silks, Poplinettes, Reps, and new Textures, French Robes, ready made, French Sashes, Belts, Jackets and Mantles, new shape Jupons, white and scarlet Corsets, Lace Falls, Lace and other Trimmings, Ribbons, and Ribbon Velvets in all colors, Hosiery, Kid, Cashmere and Bronze Boots, white Satin Shoes and Kid Gloves. A large assortment of Wool and Embroidery Works, as Cushion Patterns, Smoking Caps, Mandle Sets, &c.

Sangster's Umbrellas, Christy's new shape Felt and Shell Hats, a choice lot of Neck Scarfs, Ties, Wrappers, Collars, Socks, Boots, Fancy Tweeds and Coatings, Braces, &c.

Brussels Carpets, Velvet Pile Carpets and Rugs, All Wool Damasks, Lace Curtains, Table Covers in great variety, Damask Table Cloths in all sizes, Table Napkins, D'Oyleys, Blankets, Counterpanes, Sheetings, Flannels, Wool Mats, Turkish and other Towels, &c.

Children's Trimmed Hats, Boots, Perambulators, Picture Books, Toys, &c.

Dressing Cases and Travelling Bags, *fitted*, for Ladies and Gentlemen, Playing Cards, and a large assortment of Stationery and Perfumery Goods.

S. W. BAKER & Co.

tf 31 Hongkong, 4th January, 1869.

BONNETT & Co.

HAVE received, by latest arrivals, Racing SADDLERY, JACKETS, CAPS, White CLOTH for Riding Breeches, Boot TOPS, Racing SPURS, &c., &c.

Horse RUGS, and an assortment of General SADDLERY.

Also.

Ladies' HATS, WREATHS, JET, JEWELLERY, &c., &c.

Gentlemen's SCARVES, and Coloured and White Kid GLOVES.

1, Wyndham Street,

Hongkong, 2nd January, 1869. tf 15

FOR SALE, *Ex "Lota."*

WIRE ROPE, from 1 inch to 8 inches.
Galvanized JIB HANKS, 2 in. to 3½ in.
PUMP LEATHER.
Superior Bottled ALE and Guinness's STOUT. Apply to

FAWCETT & Co.

tf 38 Hongkong, 5th January, 1869.

CHRISTMAS STORES.
FOR SALE BY
FAWCETT & Co.,
Ex "Red Deer" and "Sirene."

FINE CHAMPAGNE, in Pints and Quarts.
Cawdy OLD PORT.
Pale SHERRY.

Dinner and after Dinner CLARETS.
Bass's PALE ALE, and Allsopp's Ditto, in Bottle and in Wood.
Guinness's STOUT, in Pints and Quarts.

An Inv

Extracts.

The Extra of Women.

From "Literary and Social Judgments," by W. R. Grey.

(*Concluded from "Daily Press of 5th inst."*)

3.—The condition of that section of unmarried women who earn, or attempt to earn, their bread as governesses has attracted, and assuredly deserves to attract, an unusual amount of public attention. Few conditions in our stage of civilization want amending and rectifying more. But here, as in so many other of our benevolent efforts, we have been online on the wrong track. Why has the function of a female educator—of a woman whose task it is, in the privacy and confidence of the domestic circle, not merely to *instruct*, but often actually to *form*, the mind and character of our girls and up to a certain age of our boys, too—why has the position of those called to exercise this most responsible and momentous of all functions been so little honoured and so ill-remunerated? Mainly, we say it distinctly, (where it has been little honoured and ill remunerated) because it deserved no better; because such numbers of those who undertook it were ovetchedly qualified to discharge it conscientiously or efficiently. It was ill paid and ill estimated because it was ill-done. Governesses were a depressed and despised class—where they were so—for the same reason that needle-women were a distressed class: because as every woman could read and write and use a needle, so every woman could teach a little, and were a little every unprotected woman who was destitute became a sempstress and every educated (or half-educated) woman became a governess. If none but the really competent had ever taken the profession, the profession would have been highly valued and highly rewarded. If there had been any recognised and reliable test by which the incompetent could be distinguished from the incompetent, the former would have been honoured and enriched, and the latter would have had their occupation and their bread taken from them. But as the majority were utterly unfit for their task, (whatever their excellent morals and intentions) and as there was no means of distinguishing the minority from the mass, all were discredited alike, and the average rate of reward fell to the average rate of merit—perhaps even below it. The remedy seems to us clear. Let there be some institution authorized to examine ladies who desire to become teachers, (if not also, to prepare them for the work) and to confer upon them diplomas or certificates of qualification, as is the case in Germany, and we believe in other continental countries. No one is allowed to practise medicine or surgery without proof of competence; why should any one be allowed to practise education? No one unqualified may undertake the management of the body; why should the mind be left more recklessly unguarded? Surely as much mischief may be done by an incapable practitioner in the one case as in the other. But there would be no need to go so far as this. If all women who wished to become governesses could find a college in which to qualify themselves for the noble office; and if all who were thus qualified could provide themselves with a certificate of qualification,—the unprovided and incompetent would be unable to find employment, and would cease to lower the character, and drag down the remuneration of the entire class into which they now intrude themselves unpermitted. You would, at *first*, have fewer following that calling; but those who did follow it would hold their rank, position, and their numbers would be recruited as the need for them was felt. 4—There will still remain a large number of single women unprovided for, of such class in life that they cannot sink to be servants, of such a character and capacity that they cannot rise to be governesses, who are yet under the necessity of finding some means of supporting themselves. These are very numerous now: they will probably always exist in moderate numbers, even when all the natural and healthy influences we have pointed out shall have wrought their remedial results. Some of these will be provided for by such occupations as those which Miss Maria Rye, Miss Emily Faithfull, at the "Victoria Press," and other judicious friends of the sex have endeavoured to open to them. But an redundant single women are removed by emigration and by marriage, the population out of which the class of superior female servants are recruited will be so much reduced, that that class will rise in value, in estimation, and in reward; so that the position will be sought by and eligible for many to whom it would now seem a decided derogation to enter it. 5—Lastly, there are occupations for which single women are and always will be wanted,—occupations which none other can discharge as well, or can discharge at all. There are the thousand ramifications of charity; nurses, matrons, *sœurs de charité*, "missing links"—functions of inestimable importance and of absolute necessity—functions which if imperfectly or improperly fulfilled will launch or fall into disorder. In a healthy state of civilization these links would absorb only a moderate number of women, perhaps not more than the four or five per cent. whom nature has provided *at last*. In our diseased and morbid state, where the demand for their services is enormously enhanced—enhanced, possibly, almost as much as the supply. Then there is a large and increasing call for a supply of literary food, such as many well-educated women find themselves fully able to furnish—and if only those who are really competent to this work were to undertake it, it would keep them in simple independence. Novels are now almost an indispensable portion of the food of English life as beef or beer; and as producers are superior to women in this line, either as to delicate handling or abundant fertility. To sum up the whole matter. Nature makes no mistakes and creates no redundancies. Nature, honestly and courageously interrogated, gives no evasions or ambiguous replies. In the case before us, Nature cries out against the malady, and plainly indicates the remedy. The first point to fix firmly in our minds is, that in the excess of single women in Great Britain we have a curable evil to be tended, not an irreparable evil to be borne. The mischief is to be eradicated, not to be counter-balanced, admitted or accepted. To speak in round numbers, we have one million and a half adult unmarried women in Great Britain. Of these half a million are wanted in the colonies; half a million more are usefully, happily, and indispensably occupied in domestic service; the evil thus viewed, assumes manageable dimensions, and only a residual half million remains to be practically dealt with. As an immediate result of the removal of 500,000 women from their mother-country, where they are redundant, to the colonies, where they are sorely needed, all who remain at home will rise in value, will be more sought, will be better rewarded. The slumber who connects for the few functions and the limited work at the disposal of women being so much reduced, the competition will be less greatly swell, and the pay less minutely beaten down. As the redundancy at home for the labourers ceases, the value is thereby increased, men will not be able to obtain women's companionship and women's care so cheaply on illicit terms. As soon as the ideas of both sexes in the middle and upper ranks, on the question of the income and the articles which refinement and elegance require, are rectified,—as soon, that is, as these exiguities are reduced from what is purely fictitious, to what is indisputably real—thousands who now condemn themselves and those they love to single life will find that they can marry, without foregoing any luxury or comfort which is *essential* to indolence and cultivated and enjoyable existence. Finally, as soon, as, owing to stricter principles, purer tastes, or improved social conditions, or such combination of all those as the previous paragraphs spoken of, must gradually tend to produce,—the vast majority of men find themselves compelled either to live without all that woman can bestow, or to purchase it in the recognized mode,—as soon, to speak plainly, as their sole choice lies between marriage and a life of real and not nominal celibacy, the apparent redundance of women constituted of late will vanish as by magic, if, indeed it be not replaced by a deficiency. We are satisfied that if the gulf could be practically bridged over, so that women went where they are clamoured for; and if we were contented with the *actualities* instead of the empty and unreal and unrewarding shadows of luxury and refinement; and if men were necessitated either to marry or be chaste,—*all of which things it is a discreditable monopoly in us not to be able to accomplish*, so far from there being too many women for the work that must be done, and that only women can do well, there would be too few. The work would be seeking for the women, instead of as now, the women seeking for the work. We are disordered, we are astray, because we have *gone wrong*; and our philanthropists are labouring, not to make us go backward and go right, but to make it easier and smoother to persist in wrong.

Houses, Lands, Tenements, &c

TO LET.

THE Premises in Bank Buildings, *Queen's Road Central*, at present occupied by the Cavité and Manila Cigar Depot. Apply to
LANDSTEIN & Co.
tf 21 Hongkong, 4th January, 1869.

TO LET.

THOSE two desirable family residences, Nos. 11 and 13, *Arbuthnot Road*. The Western house, lately occupied by Mr. MELLEN, is ready for immediate occupation, and the Eastern house, now tenanted by Mr. G. F. MACLEAN, will be available on 1st April next.
For particulars, apply to
T. W. BARRINGTON.
tf 30 Hongkong, 4th January, 1869.

TO LET.

THE STORE, at present occupied by Messrs. LADAGE, OELZE & Co.
Possession can be had on the 1st proximo. Apply to
S. W. BAKER & Co.
tf 3 Hongkong, 2nd January, 1869.

TO BE LET.

THE very desirable business premises lately occupied by Messrs. DYALL, STILL & Co.; a portion of which are now occupied by Messrs. RUSSELL & Co.—with large and commodious dwelling-house and extensive Godowns on the *Praya*.
For full Particulars apply to
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
tf 2364 Hongkong, 19th December, 1868.

TO BE LET.

A FIRST Rate Granite Godown. Apply at BEALE VIS HOUSE, No. 6, *Hollywood Road*.
CHARLES F. SEABURG.
tf 2284 Hongkong, 7th December, 1868.

CLUB CHAMBERS, D'AGUILAR STREET.

A FEW Sets of these desirable Chambers are now vacant, and can be had on reasonable terms. Apply to
DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.
tf 2147 Hongkong, 14th November, 1868.

TO LET.

With immediate possession.

TWO Two-storied Granite Godowns, at *Wanchai*, adjoining the Timber Yard of the UNION DOCK COMPANY. Apply to
LANDSTEIN & Co.
tf 2193 Hongkong, 24th November, 1868.

TO BE LET.

NEW and Strong GODOWNS, C and E, on Marine lot No. 63. Apply to
GAVIN THOMSON.
At GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.'s.
tf 2926 Hongkong, 17th December, 1867.

HOUSES TO LET.

IN various Parts of Hongkong. A list of HOUSES with *size, locality* and *terms* can be seen at No. 53, *Wyndham Street*.
THOS. W. BARRINGTON.
tf 642 Hongkong, 11th March, 1867.

TO LET.

From 1st January, 1869.

THAT handsome BUNGALOW, No. 11, situated in rear of the *Albany*, now in possession of the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, containing six large Airy rooms and Bath rooms, Servants' Rooms, Stables and Cook-house detached, water and gas laid on, lately painted and repaired; commanding a thorough view of the Harbour. A nice garden in front, with a water fountain; rent moderate.
For particulars, apply to
R. ADDASIE COOPER & Co.,
No. 19, Graham Street.
tf 2051 Hongkong, 2nd November, 1868.

TO LET.

THE 10-Room House, "Harperville," situated immediately in rear of the *Albany*; water laid on. Cook-house and Stables detached.
Apply to
FAWCETT & Co.
tf 1215 Hongkong, 2nd July, 1868.

TO LET.

With immediate possession.

THE HOUSE and OFFICES, No. 4, *Gough Street*, lately occupied by Messrs. A. WILKINSON & Co.
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.
tf 1957 Hongkong, 15th October, 1868.

TO LET.

LARGE Airy Rooms—Furnished or Unfurnished. Apply to
A. MILLAR.
tf 1926 Hongkong, 10th October, 1868.

TO LET.

A TWO stalled Stable and Coach House, conveniently situated off *Arbuthnot Road*. Water laid on. Apply to
STOCKER, SON, & SMEDLEY.
tf 1837 Hongkong, 7th October, 1868.

TO LET.

A PART of the first Floor, with Offices and Godowns, of No. 10, *Queen's Road*. Possession can be had on the 1st October.
Apply to
MULLER & CLAUSSEN.
tf 1845 Hongkong, 28th September, 1868.

TO LET.

A CONVENIENT STABLE HOUSE in *Chaukeng Lane*. Rent moderate.
Apply to
ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
tf 1895 Hongkong, 6th October, 1868.

TO LET.

OFFICES, either furnished or unfurnished, situate on the Ground-floor in Bank Building, immediately opposite the New "HONGKONG HOTEL."
For particulars apply on the premises, to
EDMUND SHARP,
Solicitor.
tf 1109 Hongkong, 16th June, 1868.

TO LET.

THREE Spacious GODOWNS, suitable for Storing Dry Goods; also a Fireproof Godown, capable of containing 1000 chests of Opium. Situated in the most central part of *Queen's Road*. Apply to
C. L. DAVIES, *Secretary*,
Hongkong Hotel Co., Limited.
tf 1519 Hongkong, 14th August, 1868.

TO LET.

THE business premises formerly occupied by Messrs. ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co., consisting of Dwelling House, Offices, and spacious Godowns.
Possession to be had on the 1st March.
Apply to
JOHN BURD & Co.
tf 373 Hongkong, 24th February, 1868.

TO LET.

TWO HOUSES on *Garden Terrace*, Spring Gardens, with or without Godowns. Rent moderate. Apply to
LAMBERT, ATKINSON & Co.
tf 2061 Hongkong, 8th September, 1867.

STORAGE.

FIRST Class Granite Godowns, of about 3,000 Tons capacity, to be laid on *Praya West*, with Landing Pier in front.
Separate Godowns for Coals, Saltpetre, &c.
Apply to
CARLOWITZ & Co.
tf 2135 Hongkong, 13th November, 1868.

TO LET.

THE whole of the upper part of the house on *Pedder's Wharf*, at present occupied by the undersigned.
Possession on the 15th Proximo.
THOS. HUNT & Co.
tf 1612 Hongkong, 26th August, 1868.

TO LET.

FOR a term of years, with early possession, those desirable premises in Bank Buildings situated between the Agra Bank and Compradore's Hongkong, at present in the occupation of the Bank of Hindustan, China, and Japan. The principal building is very suitable for division into Offices or Chambers.
For further particulars, apply to
GILMAN & Co.
tf 497 Hongkong, 17th April, 1867.

NOTICE.—TO LET.

THE desirable PREMISES on the *Queen's Road*, lately in the occupation of the ASIATIC BANK.
For particulars, apply to
SMITH, ARCHER & Co.
tf 920 Hongkong, 13th May, 1868.

LIGHTERAGE AND STORAGE.

THE Undersigned will undertake to land Cotton, Rice, Coals, and other Merchandise in their own Boats, and to receive the same on storage in first class GRANITE GODOWNS on moderate terms.
ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.
tf Hongkong, 4th March, 1867.

Insurances.

NOTICE.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Insurance Company are prepared to grant Policies covering Marine risks at Current Rates. Policies can be made payable at all the principal ports throughout the world.
MORGAN LAMBERT & Co.,
Agents.
tf 2113 Hongkong, 7th November, 1868.

MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF MANCHESTER AND LONDON.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents for the above Company at Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Shanghai, and Hankow, and are prepared to grant Insurances at Current Rates.
HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
tf 1958 Hongkong, 15th October, 1868.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM.

UNTIL further notice the following Annual Rates will be charged for Fire Insurance, viz:—

Detached & semi-detached Dwelling Houses removed from town, and their contents.	¼ per cent.
Other dwelling Houses, used strictly as such, and their contents.	⅜ per cent.
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents.	1 per cent.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,
Agents Imperial Fire Insurance Company.
tf 861 Hongkong, 7th March, 1868.

NOTICE.

GUARDIAN ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED—1821.

CAPITAL £2,000,000.

THE Undersigned having been appointed agents of the above Company for Hongkong and Canton, are prepared to grant Policies at current rates.
OLYPHANT & Co.
tf 1325 Hongkong, 17th July, 1868.

NOTICE.

IMPERIAL FIRE OFFICE.

FROM and after this date the following rates will be charged SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding 1 month	1 month	of the annual rate
Above 1 month and not exceeding 3 months	3 "	do. do.
Above 3 months and not exceeding 6 months	6 "	do. do.
Above 6 months the full annual rate.		

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.
Agents, Imperial Fire Insurance Company.
tf 675 Hongkong, 7th April, 1868.

NOTICE.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION.

THE following rates will in future be charged on SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding 1 month	1 month	¼ per cent.
Above one month, and not exceeding 3	3 "	½ "
Above three months, and not exceeding 6	6 "	¾ "
Above six months, the full annual rate.		

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.,
Agents.
tf 687 Hongkong, 8th April, 1868.

NOTICE.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE following rates will be charged in future for SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding 1 month	1 month	¼ per cent.
Above 1 month, and not exceeding 3	3 "	½ "
Above 3 months, and not exceeding 6	6 "	¾ "
Above 6 months the full annual rate.		

MORGAN, LAMBERT & Co.,
Agents the Queen Insurance Company.
tf 354 Hongkong, 22nd May, 1868.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

FROM and after this date the following rates will be charged on SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding 1 month	1 month	¼ of the annual rate.
Above 1 month and not exceeding 3	3 "	½ do. do.
Above 3 months and not exceeding 6	6 "	¾ do. do.
Above 6 months the full annual rate.		

GILMAN & Co., *Agents,*
North British & Mercantile Insurance Company.
tf 391 Hongkong, 7th April, 1868.

HAMBURG BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are now authorized to accept company's current Fire at Hongkong, and at any of the open ports in China, to the increased amount of $50,000 on one risk.
WM. PUSTAU & Co., *Agents.*
tf 2105 Hongkong, 7th November, 1868.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION

LIFE ASSURANCES.

THE Undersigned are authorised to issue Life Policies for sums not exceeding £5,000.
HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
tf 1953 Hongkong, 14th October, 1868.

UNION OF HAMBURG UNDERWRITERS

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents at Amoy for the Union of Hamburg Underwriters.
All documents to substantiate claims against these Underwriters must be certified by us, or they will not be recognised.
(Signed) ELLES & Co.
tf 1562 Amoy, 8th August, 1868.

OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LONDON.

INCORPORATED 1859.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to accept Marine Risks and issue Policies at current rates.
AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.
tf 1331 Hongkong, 7th June, 1867.

PHŒNIX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents to the above Companies at this Port, are prepared to grant Policies against Fire to the extent of $40,000, on Buildings, on Goods stored therein.
DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.
tf 2093 Hongkong, 9th November, 1868.

LONDON AND ORIENTAL STEAM TRANSIT INSURANCE OFFICE.

137, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.
JAMES HARTLEY & Co.—*Managers.*

ESTABLISHED 1848.

THE Undersigned is authorized to accept risks on behalf of this Office by First Class Steamers.
W. MACAULAY, *Agent.*
tf Hongkong, 1st July, 1867.

NOTICE.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

FROM and after this date the following rates will be charged for SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding one month	1 month	¼ of the annual rate.
Above one month, and not exceeding three	3 "	do. do.
Above three months, and not exceeding six	6 "	do. do.
Above six months the full annual rate.		

TURNER & Co.,
Agents.
tf 717 Hongkong, 13th April, 1866.

Insurances.

YANGTZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF SHANGHAI.

A DIVIDEND of (8 per cent.) *Eight* per cent. has been declared on the net Premia contributed to the above ASSOCIATION, for the year ending 30th September, 1867.
Policy-holders will please send in particulars of their contribution to that date to the Undersigned.
RUSSELL & Co.
tf 1705 Hongkong, 9th September, 1868.

YANG-TSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF SHANGHAI.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Secretaries and Agents of this Association, are prepared to issue Policies upon Marine Risks at current rates of premium. Policies can be made payable in London, New York, Bombay, Calcutta, Singapore, Hongkong, Foochow and Shanghai.
In addition to the usual brokerage this Association returns to the assured of each year at the close of each current year, fifteen (15) per cent. of the profits of the Company for that year, divided pro rata to the amount of premium paid by each policy-holder.
RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, November, 1867.

PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAN FRANCISCO.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents in China for the above INSURANCE Company, are prepared to grant Policies covering Marine Risks at the Current Rates.
RUSSELL & Co.
tf 573 Hongkong, 2nd March, 1867.

PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY SAN FRANCISCO.

THE Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant POLICIES against Fire on Buildings and Goods, at current rates.
RUSSELL & Co.
tf 366 Hongkong, 7th February, 1867.

BATAVIA SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong for the above-named Company, are prepared to grant Policies against Sea Risks at current rates.
RUSSELL & Co.
tf 1622 Hongkong, 1st April, 1868.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM.

Detached & semi-detached Dwelling Houses, removed from town, and their contents.	¼ per cent.	per annum
Other dwelling Houses used strictly as such, and their contents.	⅜ "	"
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents.	1 "	"

GILMAN & Co.,
Agents, North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.
tf 886 Hongkong, 10th March, 1868.

REDUCTION

In the rates of premium for

FIRE INSURANCE.

THE Undersigned have (as already intimated in their Circular dated 14th October last,) received authority from the Secretary of the Royal Insurance Company to reduce the rate of Premium under certain circumstances, on private residences and on Furnitures and effects therein contained.
In cases of Dwelling Houses removed from the town, the rate of premium will be three-quarters per cent. in place of one per cent. per annum as hitherto charged, and in cases of Residences situated being detached or semi-detached the rate will be further reduced to one-half per cent.
The Royal's annual rates for Fire Insurance on the various classes of Buildings and their contents will therefore remain as follows until further notice, viz:—

Detached and semi-detached Dwelling Houses (removed from the town) and their contents.	½ per cent.
Other Dwelling Houses (similarly situated) and their contents.	¾ per cent.
Offices and Godowns, and their contents.	1 per cent.
First Class China Houses and their contents.	1½ per cent
Other Risks by Special arrangement.	

ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.
tf 714 Hongkong, 3rd November, 1866.

NOTICE.

FROM and after this date the following rates will be charged for SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

For one month	¼	of the annual rate.
Above 1 month, and not exceeding three months.	½	do. do.
Above 3 months and not exceeding six months.	¾	do. do.
Above six months the full annual rate.		

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
Agents, Alliance Fire Assurance Company.
tf 678 Hongkong, 7th April, 1868.

LIFE ASSURANCE.

THE Undersigned have received authority, by a recent Mail, to insure for Policies for amounts not exceeding £1,000 without reference to the Head Offices, as was previously required by the Board.
ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.
555 Hongkong, 7th January, 1866.

LONDON AND PROVINCIAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong for the above Company, are prepared to grant Marine risks at current rates.
AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.
tf 471 Hongkong, 9th March, 1868.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION.

THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENTS for the above Corporation are prepared to grant FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE on the usual terms.
HOLLIDAY, WISE, & Co.
tf 3025, Hongkong, 27th December, 1867.

NOTICE.

SUN FIRE OFFICE.

FROM and after this date the following rates will be charged on SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding 1 month	1 month	¼ of the annual rate.
Above 1 month but not exceeding 3	3 "	½ do. do.
Above 3 months but not exceeding 6	6 "	¾ do. do.
Above 6 months the full annual rate.		

A. G. HOGG & Co.,
Agents for the Sun Fire Office.
tf 676 Hongkong, 9th June, 1868.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

FOR Insuring rice-mills and other Buildings, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Manufactories and Farming Stock, Ships in Port, Harbours, or Docks, and the Cargoes of such Ships; also, Ships Building and Repairing; Barges and other Vessels on Navigable Rivers and Canals, and Goods on board such Vessels, throughout Great Britain and Ireland, and in FOREIGN COUNTRIES, FROM LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.
The Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant Policies against FIRE to the extent of $40,000 on any one First Class Risk.
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.
Hongkong, 1st January, 1867.

NOTICE.

MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

THE following rates will be charged in future for SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding 1 month	1 month	¼ per cent.
Above 1 month, and not exceeding 3	3 "	½ "
Above 3 months, and not exceeding 6	6 "	¾ "
Above 6 months the full annual rate.		

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.,
Agents.
tf 698 Hongkong, 7th April, 1868.

AMICABLE INSURANCE OFFICE.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Insurance Office, are prepared to accept MARINE RISKS, and issue Policies on any First-class Sailing Vessels or Steamers on the usual terms, payable in case of loss, in China, Singapore, Calcutta, Bombay or London.
ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.
tf Hongkong, 8th October, 1868.

Insurances.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER

OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE THE FIRST, A.D. 1720.

HEAD OFFICE IN LONDON

No. 1, Royal Exchange, Cornhill, E.C.

WEST END OFFICE.—*No. 7, Pall Mall, S.W.*

RICHARD BAGGALLAY, Esq.—*Governor.*
JAMES BLYTH, Esq.—*Sub-Governor.*
EDWIN GOWER, Esq.—*Deputy-Governor.*

DIRECTORS.

Nathaniel Alexander, Esq.	Henry George Gordon, Esq.
John Alves Arbuthnot, Esq.	A. C. Guthrie, Esq.
Henry Bonham Bax, Esq.	John Alex. Hankey, Esq.
Edward Boddy, Esq.	Louis Huth, Esq.
Alfred D. Chapman, Esq.	Charles Lyall, Esq.
Mark Wilks Collet, Esq.	John Orr, Esq.
Sir Frederick Currie, Bart.	Capt. R. W. Jelly, R.N.
E. G. Delgety, Esq.	David Powell, Esq.
Benamy Dobree, Esq.	William Rennie, Esq.
John Katwijk, Esq.	P. R. Robertson, Esq., M.P.
G. L. Model Gibbs, Esq.	W. Bryce Watson, Esq.
Robert Gillespie, Esq.	Lestock Pocock Wilson, Esq.

SECRETARY.
JOHN LAURENCE, Esq.

THE CORPORATION of the LONDON ASSURANCE have appointed Agents for the issue of Policies for Marine Assurance in INDIA and CHINA as under:—
Bombay—Messrs. EWART, LATHAM & Co.
Madras—Messrs. ARBUTHNOT & Co.
Calcutta—Messrs. MACKILLOP, STEWART & Co.
Hongkong—Messrs. HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
Shanghai—Messrs. HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
Fuchow—Messrs. HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
Mauritius—Messrs. BLYTH BROTHERS & Co.
The undersigned are prepared to issue Policies of the CORPORATION of the LONDON ASSURANCE, payable either here, in LONDON, at any of the above-named Agencies, and also at
Melbourne, Victoria—
Messrs. DALGETY, BLACKWOOD & Co.
Launceston, Tasmania—
Messrs. DU CROZ, NICHOLS & Co.
Hobart Town—
Mr. LAVINGTON ROOPE.
Adelaide, S. Australia—
Messrs. ELDER, SMITH & Co.
Sydney, New S. Wales—
Messrs. FARNING, GRIFFITHS & Co.
Dunedin, Otago, New Zealand—
Messrs. DALGETY, RATTRAY & Co.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
tf 146 Hongkong, 21st January, 1868.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents of the above Company at this Port, are prepared to grant Policies against Fire to the extent of $80,000 on Buildings, or on Goods stored thereon.
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.
tf Hongkong, 24th August, 1864.

FORBES & Co.'s CONSTITUENTS INSURANCE COMPANY,
AND
BOMBAY INSURANCE COMPANY

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Companies, are prepared to accept risks on the usual terms.
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.
tf 399 Hongkong, 29th February, 1868.

DE OOSTERLING SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BATAVIA.

SAMARANG SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAMARANG.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong, for the above-named Companies, are prepared to grant Policies against Sea Risks on the usual terms.
SIEMSSEN & Co.
tf 1676 Hongkong, 3rd August, 1866.

NOTICE.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE following rates will be charged in future for SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding 1 month	1 month	¼ per cent.
Above 1 month, and not exceeding 3	3 "	½ "
Above 3 months, and not exceeding 6	6 "	¾ "
Above 6 months, the full annual rate of		1 "

ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.
tf 674 Hongkong, 7th April, 1868.

Insurances.

MERCHANTS' MUTUAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, SAN FRANCISCO.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, $500,000.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong and China for the above Company, are prepared to grant POLICIES at current rates.
OLYPHANT & Co.
tf 1873 Hongkong, 10th August, 1867.

JAVA SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents at *Hongkong* and *Canton* for the above Company, are prepared to grant Policies against *Sea Risks* at current rates.
ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
6m 1390 Hongkong, 28th July, 1868.

ALBERT LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1833.

CAPITAL, £500,000.

MANAGING AGENTS IN CHINA,
AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.,
HONGKONG.
MEDICAL REFEREE,
IVOR MURRAY, Esq., M.D.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Managing Agents for the above Company, are prepared to accept risks and issue Policies on Life Assurances.
For further particulars, forms of proposals &c., apply to
AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.,
Managing Agents in China.
tf 1416 Hongkong, 15th June, 1867.

Business Announcements.

PATERSON & HANDLEY.

HOUSE & SHIP PLUMBERS, COPPER and ZINC WORKERS, and GAS FITTERS.
16, *Queen's Road West*,
And ACHONG'S YARD, *Praya West.*
tf 2255 Hongkong, 1st October, 1867.

NOTICE.

RENTS AND ACCOUNTS COLLECTED with despatch, and DISTRAINT WARRANTS FOR RENT issued and executed.
SECURITY IS REQUIRED.
THOS. W. BARRINGTON,
53 Wyndham Street.
tf 338 Hongkong, 18th February, 1868.

CASE & Co.,

NAGASAKI, KOBE, AND OSACA, COMMISSION AND GENERAL MERCHANTS. [for12

INGLIS & Co.,

NAGASAKI, JAPAN.

SHIPCHANDLERS AND GENERAL STORE-KEEPERS.

Fullest assortment at the lowest Prices.
f1393 [Oct2

THOS. EDWARD HAWKINS,
(LATE OF BENGAL HORSE ARTILLERY)
VETERINARY SURGEON & FARRIER,
Rear of Murray Barracks, Hongkong.

All Horses carefully Shod under his own superintendence. Sick Horses attended to at Gentlemen's Stables.
tf 1994 Hongkong, 23rd October, 1868.

H. W. HOHNHOLZ & TAILLIE.
SHIP COMPRADORS AND GENERAL GROCERS,
No. 38, Praya and Central Market.
HONGKONG.

BEG to inform their patrons generally that their new Store, No. 3, *Praya*, is now open, and on inspection of their first class Stock is kindly invited.
Families will find the best of everything, and may rely on their orders receiving the best attention.
All sorts of Provisions supplied to Families and Commanders of Vessels at market rates.
N.B.—Smoked and Corned Meats, all kinds of fresh Sausages, prepared by a European Butcher on the premises.
The best of Europe and Foochow Bacon and Hams, Gilman's Stores, &c., always in stock.
tf 2989 Hongkong, 19th October, 1868.

Business Announcements

L. FRICKEL & Co.,

SHIPCHANDLERS, SAILMAKERS, GENERAL STOREKEEPERS,
AND
COMMISSION AGENTS,
tf 122, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG. [Ag]

J. B. HOLLAND,

SCENIC ARTIST, PORTRAIT, AND CREST PAINTER, DESIGNER, WRITER ON GLASS, AND GENERAL DECORATOR.
13, WYNDHAM STREET, HONGKONG.
tf 2360 [Dec. 15

GEORGE GLASSE,
(FIVE YEARS MANAGER TO KINSFORD & Co., PICCADILLY, LONDON, AND 23, PLACE VENDOME, PARIS),

ENGLISH AND FOREIGN CHEMIST, VICTORIA DISPENSARY, HONGKONG.
SHIPS' MEDICINE CHESTS SUPPLIED AND REFITTED
tf 2035 Hongkong, 3rd September, 1867

JOHN THOMPSON & Co.,
DISPENSING & ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
AND
SODA WATER MANUFACTURERS.

Ships medicine chests supplied and refitted.

TEETH EXTRACTED.

INTERNATIONAL DISPENSARY,
23, *Wellington Street*, HONGKONG.
tf 836 Hongkong, 11th May, 1868.

NEWS AGENCY.

J. B. MORRIS, News Agent, Hongkong, begs now prepared to receive orders for any Newspaper or Magazine, published in England or the United States of America, at prices as low as those charged by any Home Agency, begs to solicit the support of the reading Public, and assures those who may favour him with their Orders that the same shall be executed faithfully and promptly.
The latest copies of the best English and American Newspapers received by every mail steamer, also the latest copies of the Shanghai and Japan papers.
For subscription lists, with prices, &c., Apply to J. B. MORRIS,
Care of Messrs. BOWRA & Co.,
Hongkong.
tf 461 Hongkong, 6th March, 1868.

JAPAN TIMES OVERLAND MAIL AND PACIFIC MAIL EXTRA.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. having been appointed Agents for the two above-named Newspapers, are prepared to receive orders and subscriptions for the same.
The price of the *Overland Mail*, is $12 per Annum, the *Pacific Mail Extra*, $3 per Annum, to subscribers to the *Overland Mail*, and $6 to non-subscribers. Subscriptions are in all cases payable in advance, and no charge is made for postage.
tf 2816 Hongkong, 4th December, 1867

NOTICE.

THE LONDON AND CHINA HERALD.

AN OVERLAND PAPER, published for transmission per Mails to China and Japan, three times a Month, is especially compiled and arranged for the requirements of the foreign communities of those places, and is delivered in Hongkong immediately on the arrival of each Mail.
Terms of subscription inclusive of postage, $2.10 per Annum, payable in London, or $12 payable in Hongkong.
All Subscriptions payable in advance.
Subscriptions and Advertisements received by GEORGE STREET, 80, Cornhill, London, and W. H. BELL,
Daily Press Office, Wyndham Street, Hongkong.

WING-KEE COAL SHOP.

THE Proprietor of WING-KEE Shop begs to inform the Public that his Shop had been established since 1853, at *Endicott's Lane*, and that he has always a great quantity of Best COAL in store for sale. Gentlemen or Shipmasters wishing to patronise him, are requested to apply at his Shop.
1y 401 Hongkong, 27th February, 1868.

Arrivals.

No. 3491

Jan. 6, SEA SERPENT, Ame
San Francisco 21st
Honolulu 4th Decemb
and Sundries.—Rosen
Jan. 6, NEW GRANADA, Nor
Bowan, Swatow 3rd Ja
EDE SCHELLHASS & Co.
Jan. 6, H.M. gun vessel Sn
E. W. Brooker, Whan
Jan. 6, YEWAN-TUNG, Brit
mad, Foochow